

Pittsburgh District

Planning and Environmental Branch William S. Moorhead Federal Building 1000 Liberty Avenue Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15222

Public Notice Date: 9 November 2021 Expiration Date: 24 November 2021

# NOTICE OF AVAILABILITY

### **Draft Environmental Assessment**

Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions Project in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Pittsburgh District (USACE) is evaluating a Federal funding request for proposed construction of additional water main in Marshall Township, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania.

The USACE invites submission of comments on the environmental impact of the approval of the request. The USACE will consider all submissions received before the expiration date of the public comment period. The nature or scope of the proposal may be changed upon consideration of the comments received.

The draft Environmental Assessment and draft Finding of No Significant Impact are available electronically at:

http://www.lrp.usace.army.mil/Missions/Planning-Programs-Project-Management/

Comments can be submitted to the address posted at the top of this notice or to Gabriella.Sykora@usace.army.mil. Comments must be received by 24 November 2021 to ensure consideration.

### **DRAFT** FINDING OF NO SIGNIFICANT IMPACT

# Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions Project Marshall Township, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Pittsburgh District (Corps) has prepared an environmental assessment (EA) in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as amended. The Draft EA, dated 20 August 2021 evaluates potential environmental impacts associated with construction of a new water main extension proposed for federal funding under the Section 219 program for the Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions Project in Allegheny County, Pennsylvania. The Water Resources Development Act (WRDA) of 1999 (Public Law 102-580), Section 219 allows the Corps to consider reimbursement for design and/or construction of environmental infrastructure in Pennsylvania.

The Draft EA, incorporated herein by reference, evaluated alternatives to better serve the Marshall Township community by providing access to clean potable water to previously unserved areas. The preferred alternative, ultimately the Proposed Action is the construction of a water main extension and includes:

The addition of approximately 13,280 linear feet (LF) of new 16-inch C-900 water main, spread over multiple segments within the roadway right-of-way. The project includes approximately 3,160-feet of water main on Warrendale-Bayne Road; approximately 2,120-feet of water main on Brush Creek Road; and approximately 8,000-feet of water main on Mingo Road.

In addition to the preferred alternative, a "no action" alternative was evaluated. For the preferred alternative, the potential effects to the following resources were evaluated:

Environmental Resource	Minor Effect	No Effect
Aesthetics		$\boxtimes$
Air quality	(temporary)	
Aquatic resources/wetlands		$\boxtimes$
Invasive species		$\boxtimes$
Fish and wildlife habitat	(temporary)	
Threatened/Endangered species		$\boxtimes$
Historic properties		$\boxtimes$
Other cultural resources		$\boxtimes$
Floodplains		$\boxtimes$
Hazardous, toxic & radioactive waste		$\boxtimes$
Hydrology		$\boxtimes$
Land use		$\boxtimes$
Navigation		$\boxtimes$
Noise levels	(temporary)	
Public infrastructure	(beneficial)	

Socioeconomics/environmental justice	(beneficial)	
Soils	$\boxtimes$	
Tribal trust resources		$\boxtimes$
Water quality		$\boxtimes$
Climate change	$\boxtimes$	

All identified practical means to avoid or minimize adverse environmental effects were analyzed and incorporated into the recommended plan. Best management practices (BMPs) during construction as detailed in the EA will be implemented to minimize impacts. Wetland and stream impacts have been avoided. No compensatory mitigation is required.

Pursuant to section 7 of the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers determined that the recommended plan will have no effect on federally listed species or their designated critical habitat.

Pursuant to section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers determined that historic properties would not be adversely affected by the recommended plan. The Pennsylvania State Historic Preservation Office concurred with the determination on 3 August 2021.

Pursuant to the Clean Water Act of 1972, as amended, no discharge of dredged or fill material will occur, therefore the recommended plan has been found to be compliant with section 404(b)(1) Guidelines (40 CFR 230). Installation of water main will occur only over existing culverts, avoiding all impacts to waters of the U.S.

A 15-day public comment period will occur from 9 November to 24 November 2021. The USACE will consider all submissions received before the expiration date of the public comment period. The nature or scope of the proposal may be changed upon consideration of the comments received. If significant effects on the quality of the human environment are identified during public comment which cannot be mitigated, the USACE will initiate an Environmental Impact Statement, and afford all of the appropriate public participation opportunities attendant to an EIS.

Technical, environmental, and economic criteria used in the formulation of alternative plans were those specified in the Water Resources Council's 1983 <u>Economic and Environmental Principles and Guidelines for Water and Related Land Resources Implementation Studies.</u> All applicable laws, executive orders, regulations, and local government plans were considered in evaluation of alternatives.

Based on this report, the reviews by other Federal, State and local agencies, Tribes, input of the public, and the review by my staff, it is my determination that the recommended plan would not significantly affect the human environment; therefore, preparation of an Environmental Impact Statement is not required.

Date	ADAM J. CZEKANSKI
	COLONEL, Corps of Engineers
	District Commander

# Environmental Assessment – Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions Project

Project Number 200-315642-20001 August 20, 2021

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Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions Marshall Township, PA

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# **ACRONYMS/ABBREVIATIONS**

Acronyms/Abbreviations	Definition			
ASTM	American Society of Testing and Materials			
CEQ	Council on Environmental Quality			
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations			
EA	Environmental Assessment			
EDR	Environmental Data Resources, Inc.			
EO	Executive Order			
ER	Engineering Regulation			
ESA	Phase I Environmental Site Assessment			
ESA	Endangered Species Act			
FEMA	Federal Emergency Management Agency			
FIRM	Flood Information Rate Map			
FPPA	Farmland Policy Protection Act			
LF	Linear Foot/Feet			
LRP	USACE LRP – (Pittsburgh District)			
NAAQS	National Ambient Air Quality Standards			
NEPA	National Environmental Policy Act			
NHPA	National Historic Preservation Act			
NMFS	National Marine Fisheries Service			
NRHP	National Register of Historic Places			
PDCNR	Pennsylvania Department of Conservation and Natural Resources			
PL	Public Law			
PNDI	Pennsylvania Natural Diversity Inventory			
REC	Recognized Environmental Condition			
R/W	Right-of-Way			
SHPO	State Historic Preservation Office			
THPO	Tribal Historic Preservation Office			
USFWS	United States Fish and Wildlife Service			
USACE	United States Army Corps of Engineers			
WRDA	Water Resources and Development Act			
WVWA	West View Water Authority			

Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions Marshall Township, PA

# 1.0 INTRODUCTION

# 1.1 INTRODUCTION

This Environmental Assessment (EA) is intended for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Pittsburgh District (USACE) in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) of 1969 and in accordance with the Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) Regulations for Implementing the Procedural Provisions of NEPA (40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Parts 1500-1508), and with USACE's NEPA implementing regulations, Engineer Regulation (ER) 200-2-2, dated 4-March-1988 (33 CFR 230). The purpose of the EA is to report on potential environmental effects of the proposed water main extensions throughout Marshall Township, PA, as described in the USACE prepared Letter Report dated March 2019 for the Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions Project and depicted in Appendix A, Figure 1.

The West View Water Authority (WVWA) serves 200,000 residents living in 32 municipalities dispersed between Allegheny, Beaver, and Butler Counties. The WVWA runs one 40 million gallons per day (MGD) water treatment plant and operates 10 reservoirs.

The proposed design (proposed action) involves the addition of approximately 13,280 linear feet (LF) of new 16-inch C-900 water main, spread over multiple segments. The design includes no fire hydrants.

The project area for this project consists of the road rights-of-way (R/W) of Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Roads as shown in Appendix A, Figure 1, and described below:

- 1. Approximately 3,160-feet along Warrendale-Bayne Road from Innovation Drive, under the I-79 overpass and north to Wheatland Road
- 2. Approximately 2,120-feet along Brush Creek Road extending north from Warrendale-Bayne Road
- Approximately 8,000-feet along Mingo Road. The Mingo Road water main project area is generally described as:
  - a. Approximately 2,400-feet from Warrendale-Bayne Road south to Rolling Hills Drive.
  - b. Approximately 1,850-feet from Wexford Run Road south to Valley Road.
  - c. Approximately 3,750-feet from Stonegate Drive south, under the I-79 overpass, to Neely School Road.

### 1.2 PURPOSE AND NEED

The proposed action consists of the installation of a new 16-inch water transmission main network which connects to the existing water transmission and distribution system to better serve customers in Marshall Township, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, by reducing the age of water within the system and providing access to potable water to previously unserved areas. The proposed water main will provide potable water via a maintained water distribution network to areas which previously relied upon residential water wells. The action is needed to provide clean, treated water to the growing Marshall Township population and keep up with demand.

### 1.3 AUTHORITY

WVWA entered into a Project Partnership Agreement with the USACE Pittsburgh District (LRP) to complete design and construction of a Section 219 Environmental Infrastructure project for the proposed Warrendale-

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Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions Project. Section 219 of the Water Resources and Development Act (WRDA) of 1992 (PL 102-580) authorizes the USACE to assist non-Federal interests in carrying out water-related environmental infrastructure and resource protection projects. Allegheny County, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania is specifically authorized in Section 219(f) (66).

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# 2.0 ALTERNATIVES

Under NEPA, alternatives must be considered prior to undertaking an action. Alternatives must include, at a minimum, the proposed action and the "No-Action" alternative, or a baseline in which the proposed action does not proceed, and from which other alternatives can be compared. The alternatives below were used to evaluate the following environmental effects to determine the potential impacts on the human and natural environments to assess the efficacy of the proposed action. As the Proposed Action is part of the WVWA capital improvement plan, no other alternatives were considered besides the Preferred Alternative and the No-Action Alternative.

# 2.1 NO-ACTION ALTERNATIVE

Under the No-Action Alternative, Marshall Township's existing water distribution system would remain unchanged. The No-Action Alternative is not desirable because without the water distribution system improvements, clean, treated water to the growing Marshall Township population would not be provided at this point, and WVWA's capital improvement plan would require reconsideration towards phasing to accommodate population growth and development throughout Allegheny County.

# 2.2 WATER SYSTEM IMPROVEMENTS (PREFERRED ALTERNATIVE)

The Preferred Alternative (proposed action) involves the addition of 13,280 LF of new C-900 water distribution main, tying into existing segments of the WVWA network. The additional water main is part of the ongoing WVWA capital improvement plan to accommodate population growth and development throughout Allegheny County.

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# 3.0 AFFECTED ENVIRONMENT AND IMPACTS

# 3.1 INTRODUCTION

This section describes the existing conditions of Marshall Township, and anticipated impacts to environmental resources as a result of the No-Action and Preferred Alternative under consideration.

### 3.2 RESOURCES AND ANALYSES NOT CONSIDERED IN DETAIL

Based upon the nature of the project and specific resources located within the project area, the No-Action and Preferred Alternative would not be expected to affect the resources identified in the following sections.

# 3.2.1 Aesthetics

The proposed action consists primarily of subsurface water main installation minimum 4-feet below grade and within existing road R/W. Permanent aesthetic changes above ground would be minor and limited to removal and/or replacement of some roadways and driveways to accommodate water main installation. Replacement of these surface features would not be considered an adverse visual impact. As a result, no permanent adverse aesthetic impacts are anticipated by the proposed action.

Under the No-Action Alternative, the site would remain as-is and impacts to aesthetics would not be expected.

# 3.3 LAND USE

# 3.3.1 Affected Environment

Marshall Township is located in the Northwest corner of Allegheny County, and borders Beaver County to the West and Butler County to the North. As of the 2010 Census, the population of Marshall Township was 6,907.

The Township Zoning Map dated 3 January 2008 was found online and is provided as Appendix A, Figure 3. The project area roads are located adjacent to rural and suburban residential zones, with Research and Technology Park zoning bordering the project area west of Brush Creek Road, and Route 19 Boulevard District located north of the terminating point of the proposed water main at Wheatland Road.

Land use in the project area is primarily single-family homes along the Mingo Road section of the project area. Much of Brush Creek Road is wooded, but the proposed water main terminates at the north end at a storage lot and an industrial property. The Warrendale-Bayne Road section of the project area involves crossing under Interstate 79 and the associated on-ramp and off ramp. North of these crossings, the land is wooded to the east until the termination point at the intersection of Wheatland Road, where shopping outlets are located opposite the water main. An electrical substation is located adjacent to the proposed water main where Warrendale-Bayne intersects the Interstate 79 northbound off-ramp.

# 3.3.2 Environmental Consequences

### 3.3.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, impacts to land use are not expected.

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# 3.3.2.2 Preferred Alternative

The Preferred Alternative would not affect land use, nor would any community facilities be affected. The water main is proposed to be installed within the R/W only. The water main would be located underneath roadway shoulders as much as possible, to avoid conflicts with other existing utilities and avoid construction near residential property frontages. There are multiple residential driveways along Mingo Road which will be disrupted by the work, as well as potential conflicts with residential fences. However, the work is limited to the Mingo Road R/W only and affected driveways and fences will be replaced in-kind. There will be no impact to land use.

## 3.4 HAZARDOUS MATERIALS AND WASTES

# 3.4.1 Affected Environment

A Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) was performed by Tetra Tech, Inc. (Tetra Tech) for this project, in accordance with the Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Process, ASTM International (ASTM) Designation: E 1527-13, to the extent possible (Appendix E). The Phase I ESA was performed for the entire R/W encompassing the proposed water main. Adjacent properties were also observed from within the limits of the roadway to determine whether adverse environmental conditions or hazardous materials were present and could threaten the project area.

No hazardous substances or petroleum products were observed during the site inspection. No storage tanks were observed in the project area during the inspection as well. A solid waste dumpster was noted near the project area during the site walk, but nothing indicated it had been used for hazardous material disposal. The project area consists of overhead power lines throughout much of the proposed water main, many with pole-mounted transformers which were unable to be visually confirmed as to the presence of PCB oils. The electrical substation on Warrendale-Bayne at the intersection of I-79, located approximately 100-feet from the project area was also not verified whether PCB oils were present. No evidence of damage to the equipment or evidence of leaks was noted on any of the pole-mounted transformers or electrical equipment during the Phase I ESA site inspection.

The Phase I ESA also included review of publicly available record flood maps, soil data, and a review of environmental records assembled by Environmental Data Resources, Inc. (EDR), as well as interviews with public officials. One Recognized Environmental Condition (REC) was reported within the radii of the EDR reports (0.5 mile). The REC identification is based upon ongoing cleanup at a leaking underground storage tank (LUST) at a gas station. Historical RECs (HRECs) were also identified at two gas stations near the project area. The gas stations had previous LUSTs and the cleanup activity has been completed at these two sites.

# 3.4.2 Environmental Consequences

### 3.4.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no impacts related to potential hazardous contaminants.

## 3.4.2.2 Preferred Alternative

Based on results of the Phase I ESA, one site with a known REC and two sites with known HRECs are located within a half-mile of the project area. By definition, a HREC is a REC is a site with past contamination which underwent cleanup to the satisfaction of authorities and requires no ongoing controls or monitoring. The site with the REC and ongoing cleanup activities is situated at a lower elevation compared to the project area. As such,

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contaminant migration from this site to the project area is not a concern. Given the location and distance of the REC site and cleanup complete status of the two HREC sites, it is unlikely that these sites have impacted the project area.

The construction of the proposed water main would not involve the use of hazardous substances, nor would the subsequent operation of the water main. The Preferred Alternative will not result in long-term impacts from hazardous materials and wastes. Based on the results of the Phase I ESA, it is unlikely that petroleum, hazardous materials, or waste will be encountered during construction activities.

# 3.5 TERRESTRIAL RESOURCES, FISH, AND WILDLIFE

# 3.5.1 Affected Environment

The proposed water main is designed to be located fully within the road R/W. The roadways are asphalt or concrete surfaces with varying R/W widths. The R/W gives way to residential frontage along much of Mingo Road. Many residential properties feature asphalt or concrete access driveways. Near the Mingo Road intersection with Interstate 79, the rural landscape transitions into undulating forested areas. The dominant forest types for this region of Pennsylvania are Oak-Hickory (Red Maples and Hickories) and Great Lakes Beech-Maple (Sugar Maple, Beech, Red Oak, Ohio Buckeye). These forest types also dominate Brush Creek Road, as well as Warrendale Bayne on the east side of Interstate 79. Wildlife broadly consists of ubiquitous mammals, herptiles, and transient birds. The proposed action will not occur near existing water bodies.

# 3.5.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.5.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no impacts to terrestrial resources, fish, or wildlife in the project area.

### 3.5.2.2 Preferred Alternative

Implementation of the Preferred Alternative may result in temporary minor adverse impacts to terrestrial resources, fish, and wildlife, including construction activity and loud equipment which may result in temporary displacement of wildlife. However, most of the construction will occur on existing roadways or immediately adjacent. Local wildlife is likely accustomed to elevated noise levels near roadways. Animals will likely return to typical activities in the area upon conclusion of construction. Discussed in greater detail in Section 3.8, the proposed action crosses streams as culverts beneath the existing roads. The proposed action has been designed so as to not disturb these streams and associated fish populations, and construction will be performed such that construction-related materials will not erode into nearby water bodies. Construction-related removal and grubbing of plant life will be limited to areas within the existing R/W and will have a minor long-term impact on the habitats in vicinity of the new water mains. The Preferred Alternative presents minor effects to terrestrial resources, fish, and wildlife.

# 3.6 THREATENED AND ENDANGERED SPECIES

# 3.6.1 Affected Environment

The Endangered Species Act created a federal program for the protection of threatened and endangered fish, wildlife, and plants and the habitats they inhabit. Section 7(a)(2) of the ESA requires Federal agencies to consult with the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), as

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appropriate, to ensure the Federal Agencies' actions avoid undue damage to threatened and endangered species' habitats.

Tetra Tech consulted the Pennsylvania Department of Conservation and Natural Resources (PADCNR) Pennsylvania Natural Diversity Inventory (PNDI) tool online to confirm whether any threatened and endangered species could be impacted by the work in the project area. PADCNR and USFWS indicate no known impacts to any of the species as a result of the proposed action. The agencies' response is contained in Appendix B.

# 3.6.2 Environmental Consequences

### 3.6.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no impact to threatened and endangered species in the area.

### 3.6.2.2 Preferred Alternative

PADCNR and USFWS indicate no known impacts to any listed or proposed threatened or endangered species, or special concern species and resources as a result of the proposed action (refer PNDI in Appendix B). Removal of vegetation will be avoided and, if necessary, will only occur within the R/W. Under the Preferred Alternative, there would be no effect on threatened and endangered species.

# 3.7 VEGETATION

# 3.7.1 Affected Environment

The proposed water main alignment is designed to be located fully within the road R/W. The roadways are asphalt or concrete surfaces. The Brush Creek Road alignment begins at the south end with a carpool lot adjacent to Interstate 79, and the northern limit includes an adjacent storage facility and light industrial property. The remaining alignment is surrounded by upland forest. The Warrendale Bayne Road alignment begins west of Innovation Drive, crosses Interstate 79 and connected on and off ramps, and ends at the intersection of Wheatland. The alignment between the electrical substation, east of Interstate 79, and Wheatland Road is flanked to the east by a steep ridge with tree coverage. Mingo Road is primarily single-family residential homes west of Interstate 79, characterized by turf and scattered oak, maple, and hickory trees. East of Interstate 79, the landscape gives way to primarily upland forest with few scattered residences. The dominant forest types for this region of Pennsylvania are Oak-Hickory (Red Maples and Hickories) and Great Lakes Beech-Maple (Sugar Maple, Beech, Red Oak, Ohio Buckeye).

# 3.7.2 Environmental Consequences

## 3.7.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no impacts to vegetation in the area.

#### 3.7.2.2 Preferred Alternative

The water main is designed to be installed fully within the existing R/W for Mingo, Brush Creek, and Warrendale Bayne Roads. Removal of vegetation will be avoided and, if necessary, will only occur within the R/W. Impacted turf on various properties will be removed, then re-seeded and mulched during final grading and restoration.

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These removals will have minor impact to wildlife habitats. The Preferred Alternative will have overall a minor impact on vegetation in the project area.

# 3.8 AQUATIC RESOURCES AND WATER QUALITY

# 3.8.1 Affected Environment

Tetra Tech prepared an Aquatic Resource Report summarizing the results of a field survey of the project area, for the presence of wetlands and surface water features. The Aquatic Resource Report is included in Appendix C. Tetra Tech applied the methods detailed in the USACE Wetland Delineation Manual (1987 Manual; Environmental Laboratory 1987), as amended by the Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region Version 2.0 (Regional Supplement; USACE 2012). Ten streams were identified within the project area. These vary between perennial (flow all year), ephemeral (flow only after rain events), or intermittent (typically flow during wet seasons). Appendix A, Table 1 displays the full list of identified streams with classification data, sizes, and locations.

The project area is entirely located within existing R/W for Mingo, Brush Creek, and Warrendale Bayne Roads. Six of the identified streams/floodways intersect the project area, in the form of culverts crossing beneath the existing roadway. Reference Appendix A, Figure 4. Three of the six streams are tributaries to Brush Creek to the north of the project area. One stream and one floodway are tributaries to the East Branch Big Sewickley Creek. Lastly, East Branch Big Sewickley Creek crosses the project area between Interstate 79 and Neely School Road, near the southern limit of the project area.

# 3.8.2 Environmental Consequences

### 3.8.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no impacts to the identified streams in the area.

### 3.8.2.2 Preferred Alternative

The water main will be constructed fully within existing R/W of the roads in the project area, avoiding identified streams altogether. The six identified stream crossings occur as culverts beneath the roadways. All applicable permits, including a Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP) Chapter 105 Wetland and Waterway Obstruction and Encroachment permit will be sought for construction activities associated with the water main construction method at each culvert intersection. Depending on the depth of the culvert, the contractor will install the 16-inch water main via open trench a minimum of 3-feet above or below the culvert, assuring that the minimum vertical clearance between the top of the new water main and the roadway surface remains 4-feet.

A PADEP Chapter 102 Erosion and Sediment Control permit will also be obtained under the Preferred Alternative. This permit will approve a plan for the contractor to implement appropriate best management practices to ensure disturbed soils from the open trenches and subsequent restoration, will be prevented from eroding via sheet flow offsite, or flowing directly into the storm drain system which outfall into riparian areas. As a result, the Preferred Alternative will not affect aquatic resources or water quality in the project area.

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# 3.9 WETLANDS AND FLOODPLAINS

# 3.9.1 Affected Environment

Tetra Tech prepared an Aquatic Resource Report summarizing the results of a field survey of the project area for the presence of wetlands and surface water features (Appendix C). Tetra Tech researched the USFWS National Wetland Inventory map data, and applied the methods detailed in the USACE Wetland Delineation Manual (1987 Manual; Environmental Laboratory 1987), as amended by the Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region Version 2.0 (Regional Supplement; USACE 2012). Thirteen wetlands were identified within the project area. Some connect to streams throughout the project area, but none of them intersect the proposed work alignment. Appendix A, Table 2 displays the full list of identified wetlands with classification data, sizes, and locations.

Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) open-source documents were obtained. The Flood Information Rate Map (FIRM) panels 42003C0038H, 42003C0039H, 42003C0176H, and 42003C0177H characterize the project area's floodplains. The project area is not located in any 100-year floodplains. As shown in Appendix A, Figure 2, Brush Creek lies just to the northeast of the northern limit of the project area. The Brush Creek floodplain extends onto Route 19 near the Warrendale Bayne intersection. It is also fed by a tributary to the south, parallel to Shenot Road. To the project area's south, East Branch Big Sewickley Creek contributes to a floodplain parallel to State Gamelands Road. This floodplain is outside of the project area.

# 3.9.2 Environmental Consequences

### 3.9.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no impacts to wetlands or floodplains in the area.

#### 3.9.2.2 Preferred Alternative

The water main will be constructed fully within existing R/W of the roads within the project area. All applicable permits, including PADEP Chapter 102 Erosion and Sediment Control permit will be in place. This permit will approve a plan for the contractor to implement appropriate best management practices to ensure disturbed soils from the open trenches, and subsequent restoration, will be prevented from eroding via sheet flow offsite, or flowing directly into the storm drain system which outfall into riparian areas and wetlands. In addition, a PADEP Chapter 105 Wetland and Waterway Obstruction and Encroachment permit will be obtained. Construction of the water main will not occur within wetland or floodplain areas; the Preferred Alternative will have no effect on wetlands or floodplains.

## **3.10 SOILS**

# 3.10.1 Affected Environment

The project area is located upon bedrock belonging to the Glanshaw and Casselman formations. Soil layers above bedrock are characterized by alluvial deposits resulting from the nearby rivers and their tributaries. Table 3-1 indicates the NRCS soil classes found within the project area.

Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions Marshall Township, PA

Table 3 - 1. NRCS Soils in the Project Area (Commonwealth Heritage Group, 2020)

Soil Name	Drainage Classification	Acres	Percent
At - Atkins silt loam, 0-3 percent slopes	Poorly Drained	0.447	10.9%
CmB - Clymer silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes **	Well Drained	0.558	13.6%
CmC - Clymer silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes *	Well Drained	0.570	13.9%
ErB - Ernest silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes *	Moderately well drained	0.508	12.4%
ErC - Ernest silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes *	Moderately well drained	0.927	22.6%
GpD - Gilpin-Upshur complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Well drained	0.262	6.40%
GQF - Gilpin-Upshur complex, very steep	Well drained	0.283	6.90%
GSF - Gilpin, Weikert, Culleoka channery loams, 25 to 80 percent slopes	Well drained	0.131	3.20%
RycC - Rayne silt loam, Conemaugh geology, 8 to 15 percent slopes *	Well drained	0.414	10.1%
		4.10	100%

# 3.10.2 Environmental Consequences

### 3.10.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no impacts to soils in the project area.

### 3.10.2.2 Preferred Alternative

The proposed water main will be laid a minimum of 4-feet below current grade. Excavated fill soils currently beneath the roadways will be re-used as fill for the water main, then re-compacted to specifications before resurfacing. Native soils encountered will be replaced with engineered fill materials to meet compaction requirements. The Preferred Alternative will have minor impact to soils in the project area.

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### 3.11 HYDROLOGY

# 3.11.1 Affected Environment

The project area is characterized by dendritic hydrologic landscapes with rolling hills ending in multiple un-named tributaries or to nearby Brush Creek or East Branch Big Sewickley Creek. Referencing Table 3-1, the soil drainage class varies. Much of the soil is classified as Class C, with slow infiltration rates. Based on soil and groundwater data provided by EDR (Appendix E), the depth to groundwater is typically 6-feet. This will be verified before commencing the proposed action.

# 3.11.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.11.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no impacts to hydrology in the project area.

### 3.11.2.2 Preferred Alternative

Construction of the proposed water main will not impact surface water features, as erosion and sedimentation controls will be in-place to prevent soil movement into low-lying creeks and/or tributaries. The water main will be placed 4-feet below existing grade, and will not impact the water table, nor will it alter hydrogeologic flow patterns. The Preferred Alternative will have no effect on hydrology.

# 3.12 PRIME AND UNIQUE FARMLAND PROTECTION

# 3.12.1 Affected Environment

The Farmland Policy Protection Act (FPPA) (7 USC 4201, implementing regulations 7 CFR Part 658, of the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981, as amended) minimizes the impact of federal programs on prime farmland, unique farmland, and land of statewide or local importance.

In Table 3-1, in Section 3.10, \*indicates farmland of statewide importance, and \*\*indicates all areas are prime farmland.

# 3.12.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.12.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no impacts to farmland in the area.

### 3.12.2.2 Preferred Alternative

The water main will be constructed fully within existing R/W of the roads in the project area. The Preferred Alternative will have no effect on farmland.

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# 3.13 CULTURAL RESOURCES AND HISTORIC PROPERTIES

# 3.13.1 Affected Environment

The 1966 National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA), as amended (36 CFR Part 800), gives federal agencies statutory obligations to ensure that Section 106 reviews occur in conjunction with the NEPA process to ensure that natural, cultural, and the local historical environment are given consideration in project planning. Section 106 directs federal agencies to consult with the State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO), Tribes, and other interested parties, to ensure federal projects will not affect properties listed within, or having the potential of listing within the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP).

A Phase 1A archaeological and cultural resource overview and assessment was performed in October 2020 (Appendix D). Three previously recorded archaeological sites are directly adjacent to the project area and exist on now-currently private properties. Additionally, one historic property lies directly adjacent to Mingo Road, near the intersection of Warrendale Bayne, a log home constructed circa 1818.

The Pennsylvania State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) was notified of the project work on 17 May 2021.

# 3.13.2 Environmental Consequences

# 3.13.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no impacts to cultural resources and/or historic properties in the area.

#### 3.13.2.2 Preferred Alternative

The water main will be constructed fully within existing R/W of the roads in the project area. This significantly limits the potential for any historic properties or cultural resources to be located within the project area, as much of the project area has been significantly disturbed by the construction of roads and installation of existing utilities.

Based on the Phase IA provided, USACE determined that the Preferred Alternative will have no effect on cultural resources and/or historic properties and requested concurrence from SHPO in a letter dated 17 May 2021. In a letter dated 11 June 2021, the SHPO responded with a request for additional information regarding identification of historic properties in the project area and potential construction vibration impacts to these properties. In a letter dated 3 August 2021, USACE provided a response to SHPO that included details of construction activities and analysis of structures greater than 50 years within the project area. USACE concluded that the method of construction will not produce vibration in excess of what already occurs in the project area from moving vehicles on the roadway and determined that no historic properties will be affected by the proposed action. In a letter dated 6 August 2021, the SHPO concurred.

Upon discovery of any previously undocumented archaeological artifacts or historic properties, construction will immediately cease pending direction from the SHPO, and until the requirements of 36 CFR Section 800.13 have been satisfied. All efforts will be made to consult with federally recognized Native American Tribes that may attach traditional cultural and religious significance to the property or artifact. Communication between USACE, the SHPO, and Native American Tribes will be essential to document and evaluate NRHP eligibility of any properties, as well as the effects on the property resulting from the proposed action. If required, USACE will direct the re-design of the project to avoid the property.

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# 3.14 TRIBAL TRUST RESOURCES

# 3.14.1 Affected Environment

According to Census Bureau data, Native Americans do not claim residence in Marshall Township. A list of previously recorded archaeological sites was created as part of the Phase 1a investigation. Two sites were identified near the project area. No Native American cultural sites or lands are located within the Project Area. A copy of the Native American historic sites on the National Register of Historical Places in Pennsylvania is provided in Appendix A, Figure 5.

# 3.14.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.14.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no impacts to tribal trust resources in the project area.

### 3.14.2.2 Preferred Alternative

Construction of the water main will occur fully within the roadway R/W. Recorded archaeological sites will be identified to the contractor to ensure the work avoids these areas. No Native American cultural sites are located within the project area. Native American Tribes that have historical ties to Allegheny County but reside elsewhere will be notified and afforded the opportunity to comment on the proposed Project within the 15-day public comment period. The Preferred Alternative will have no impact to tribal trust resources.

# 3.15 SOCIOECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE

# 3.15.1 Affected Environment

Executive Order (EO) 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in minority populations and low-income populations, focuses federal attention on human health effects or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations because of federal projects. Its goal is to achieve environmental protection for all communities.

US Census Bureau data labels tract 4110, block groups 1, 2, and 3, as Marshall Township. The population of Marshall Township in 2019 was estimated to be 9,598. The median household income is \$135,208, and 1.8% are considered below the poverty line. An environmental justice screening and mapping report (EJSCREEN), from EPA.gov, was run for the project area. The results indicate that 15% of reporting residents within the project area are people of color, and 10% are considered low income; both statistics are significantly lower than the US national averages, which are 39% and 33%, respectively.

# 3.15.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.15.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no impacts to socioeconomic conditions and environmental justice.

Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions Marshall Township, PA

### 3.15.2.2 Preferred Alternative

The water main will be constructed fully within existing R/W of the roads in the project area. No community buildings will be impacted. No housing units will need to be displaced during construction or after construction is complete. The proposed water main will provide clean and treated potable water via a maintained water distribution network to currently unserved areas which rely upon residential water wells. As a result, the Preferred Alternative will have a minor beneficial impact to socioeconomic conditions and environmental justice.

# 3.16 TRANSPORTATION AND TRAFFIC

# 3.16.1 Affected Environment

The three subject roads, Mingo, Warrendale Bayne, and Brush Creek, are paved roadways supporting residential and commercial traffic within Marshall Township. Brush Creek Road is maintained by Allegheny County, and Mingo and Warrendale Bayne are state roads. WVWA owns and operates existing water mains beneath each roadway.

# 3.16.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.16.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no impacts to transportation or traffic in the project area.

### 3.16.2.2 Preferred Alternative

The water main will be constructed fully within existing R/W of the roads in the project area. For construction to occur, where the proposed water main will lie beneath the roadway, individual traffic lanes may require temporary closure to facilitate placement of the water main. Upon completion of the water main installation, the roadway and impacted shoulder will be restored to pre-construction conditions. No permanent impacts to roadways are expected. The Preferred Alternative will have minor effect on the transportation and traffic in the project area during construction.

# **3.17 NOISE**

# 3.17.1 Affected Environment

Due to multiple residences located along the proposed project area, multiple citizens may be exposed to elevated noise levels during construction. Wildlife may also be temporarily impacted during construction.

# 3.17.2 Environmental Consequences

### 3.17.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no noise impacts in the project area.

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#### 3.17.2.2 Preferred Alternative

Construction of the water main extensions will temporarily increase noise above normal levels due to operation of construction equipment. No permanent noise impacts are anticipated after completion of construction. The Preferred Alternative will result in minor temporary noise impacts to residents and wildlife during construction.

# 3.18 AIR QUALITY

# 3.18.1 Affected Environment

The National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) were developed by the EPA to monitor the levels of six criteria pollutants, Sulfur Dioxide, Particulate Matter, Nitrogen Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, Ozone, and Lead. If the concentration of one or more criteria pollutants in a geographic area is found to exceed the NAAQS regulated levels, the area is classified as nonattainment. Allegheny County is designated as nonattainment for Particulate Matter 2.5 (PM 2.5), or particles 2.5 micrometers and smaller. PM 2.5 occurs from chemical reactions with other criteria pollutants with precursors resulting from heavy automobile traffic among others industrial sources. The project area is not near any industrial centers, but follows I-79, which is a major thoroughfare into the city of Pittsburgh.

# 3.18.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.18.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no air quality impacts in the project area.

#### 3.18.2.2 Preferred Alternative

Construction of the water main will result in temporary increases of emissions from the contractor's vehicles. Construction activities typically create dust from movement of dry soils. Operation of the water main will not result in permanent impacts to air quality. The Preferred Alternative will result in minor temporary impacts to air quality.

# 3.19 INVASIVE SPECIES

# 3.19.1 Affected Environment

The Pennsylvania Department of Conservation and Natural Resources and the Pennsylvania Natural Heritage Program both reference the iMaplnvasives.org database, found online. Through this tool, two invasive species have been found between half a mile and one mile of the project area. The plant species are commonly known as *Oriental Bittersweet* and *Japanese Knotweed*.

# 3.19.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.19.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no impacts to invasive species in the project area.

Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions Marshall Township, PA

#### 3.19.2.2 Preferred Alternative

The two identified invasive species are located between half a mile and one mile from the project area. The water main installation will not disturb these areas, nor will the contractor's activities track these invasive species into the project area. The Preferred Alternative will have no impact on invasive species in the project area.

# 3.20 NAVIGATION

# 3.20.1 Affected Environment

The project area is not located within or near any navigable waters. There are no features in the project area displaying lights required by the Federal Aviation Administration.

# 3.20.2 Environmental Consequences

#### 3.20.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no navigational impacts in the project area.

#### 3.20.2.2 Preferred Alternative

The project area is not located within or near any navigable waters. The Preferred Alternative will have no impact on navigational features in the project area.

# 3.21 PUBLIC INFRASTRUCTURE

# 3.21.1 Affected Environment

WVWA currently owns and operates the water distribution system serving the project area. Due to gaps in the existing pipe network, many customers in the project area own residential water wells to serve their domestic needs. The residents along Mingo Road, and the commercial businesses on Brush Creek Road, are also serviced by other local utilities, including natural gas, sanitary sewer, and power. Warrendale Bayne and Mingo Roads are maintained by PennDOT, and Brush Creek Road is maintained by Allegheny County.

# 3.21.2 Environmental Consequences

### 3.21.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no impacts to public infrastructure in the project area.

### 3.21.2.2 Preferred Alternative

The proposed water main would add 13,280 linear feet of 16-inch water main to previously unserved residents in the project area. Construction of the proposed water main will avoid disrupting other utilities by laying pipe above or below conflicting utilities (those which the water main must cross), or by maintaining a safe distance from parallel utility paths. Construction will result in temporary reconstruction of portions of roadways. Impacted roads will be fully restored when water main installation is completed. The Preferred Alternative will have minor temporary impacts to roadways during construction and minor long-term beneficial impacts to public infrastructure (expanded and improved water distribution network) within the project area.

Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions Marshall Township, PA

# 3.22 CLIMATE CHANGE

# 3.22.1 Affected Environment

The local climate of the project area is known as humid subtropical. 46-inches of rainfall and 90-inches of snowfall per year are typical averages. Temperatures can range from 15 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit, on average.

# 3.22.2 Environmental Consequences

### 3.22.2.1 No-Action Alternative

No construction would occur under the No-Action Alternative. As such, there would be no impacts to climate change.

### 3.22.2.2 Preferred Alternative

The proposed water main will have a minor effect on contributors to greenhouse gases by way of heavy construction equipment and light contractor vehicles. As a result, the Preferred Alternative will have minor impact to climate change.

Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions Marshall Township, PA

# 4.0 CONCLUSION

The No-Action alternative would result in no effects to environmental resources. Table 4-1 summarizes the expected impacts to environmental resources within the project area for the Preferred Alternative. Based upon the information presented, the Preferred Alternative would not result in significant adverse impacts. Implementation of the Preferred Alternative is anticipated to meet the requirements for issuance of a Finding of No Significant Impacts (FONSI) as indicated in 40 CFR 1508.13.

Table 4 - 1. Summary of Impacts

Affected Environment	No Effect	Minor Effect	Significant Effect	Basis of Determination
Aesthetics	Х			There will be no change in aesthetics.
Land Use	Х			There will be no change in land use.
Hazardous Materials and Waste	Х			RECs and HRECs are located within ½ -mile of project area. However, these conditions will not impact the work.
Terrestrial Resources, Fish and Wildlife		X		Construction activity and loud equipment may result in temporary displacement of wildlife. However, it is anticipated that animals will return to typical activities in the area upon conclusion of construction.  Construction-related removal and grubbing of plant life will be limited to those located within the existing R/W and will have a little long-term impact on the habitats in vicinity of the new water mains. Fish will not be disturbed as the work will avoid water habitats.
Threatened and Endangered Species	X			PADCNR and USFWS indicate no known threatened and endangered species in the project area. Concurrence from USFWS was not required due to the no effect determination.
Vegetation		X		Some trees and shrubs may be removed and are limited to locations within the R/W. Impacted turf on various properties will be removed, then re-seeded and mulched during final grading and restoration.

Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions Marshall Township,  ${\sf PA}$ 

Affected Environment	No Effect	Minor Effect	Significant Effect	Basis of Determination
				The Preferred Alternative will have overall a minor impact on vegetation in the project area.
Aquatic Resources and Water Quality	X			Installation of water main will occur over existing culverts only; no in-water construction will occur. Soil erosion will be minimized.
Wetlands and Floodplains	X			Wetlands and floodplains are outside of the project area and will not be impacted by the work. Construction soil erosion will be minimized.
Soils		Х		Excavated fill soils used beneath roadways will be re-used. Native soils encountered will be replaced with engineered fill.
Hydrology	Х			Construction will not impact surface water features and will not alter hydrology or hydrogeologic flow patterns.
Prime and Unique Farmland Protection	Х			No conversion of farmland will be required to construct the water main in R/W.
Cultural Resources and Historic Properties	Х			No cultural or historic resources will be affected by the proposed action. The Pennsylvania SHPO was notified of the project and concurred.
Tribal Trust Resources	Х			Recorded archaeological sites will be avoided during construction. No Native American cultural sites in the project area.
Socioeconomic Conditions and Environmental Justice		X (beneficial)		No changes in land use are expected. No residents will be displaced. No impacts to environmental justice. Installation of new water main is a net-benefit for the community by expanding access to potable water via a maintained water distribution network.
Transportation and Traffic		Х		Minor construction-related temporary disruptions to transportation and traffic are anticipated. No permanent impacts are expected.
Noise		Х		Construction-related elevated noise levels will be temporary. No permanent impacts are expected

Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions Marshall Township,  ${\sf PA}$ 

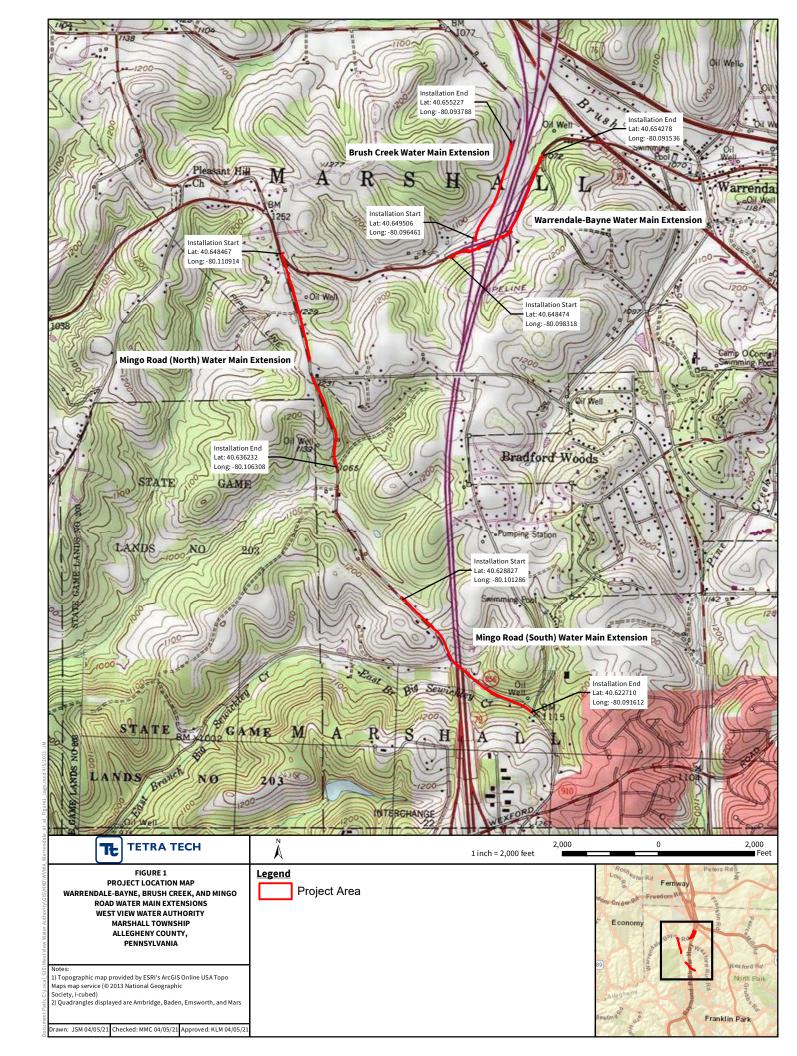
Affected Environment	No Effect	Minor Effect	Significant Effect	Basis of Determination
Air Quality		Х		Temporary construction-related emissions and dust.
Invasive Species	X			No invasive species in project area.
Navigation	X			No navigable waters exist in the project area.
Public Infrastructure		X (beneficial)		Temporary road closures during construction. Water main will avoid conflicts with existing utilities. Preferred Alternative will result in long-term beneficial impacts to public infrastructure (expanded and improved water distribution network) within the project area.
Climate Change		Х		Construction vehicles onsite create additional emissions and subsequent greenhouse gases.

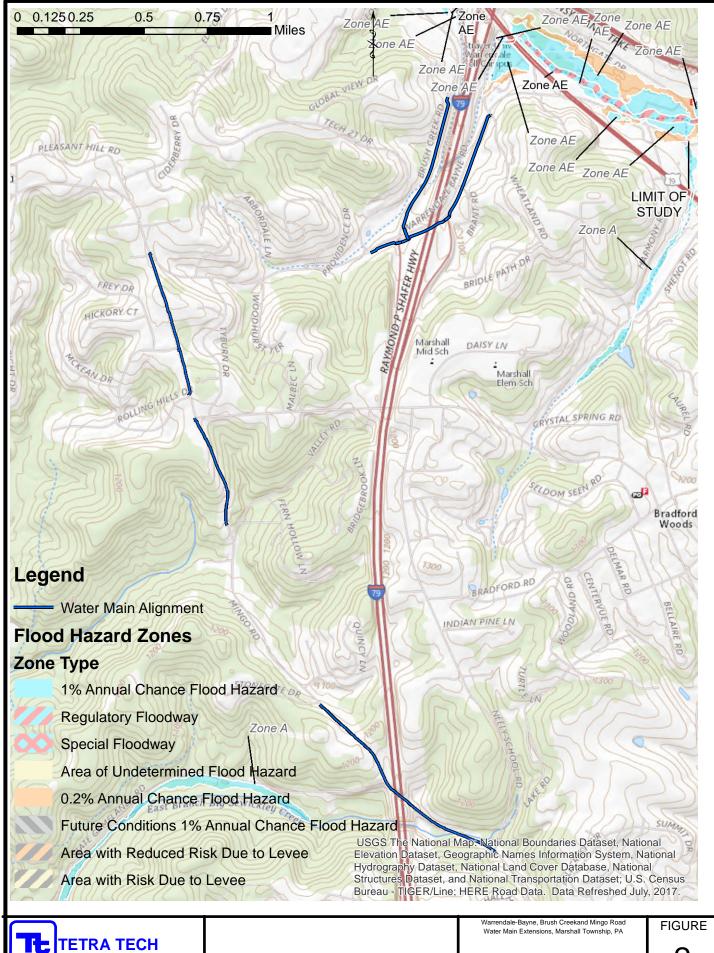
Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions Marshall Township, PA

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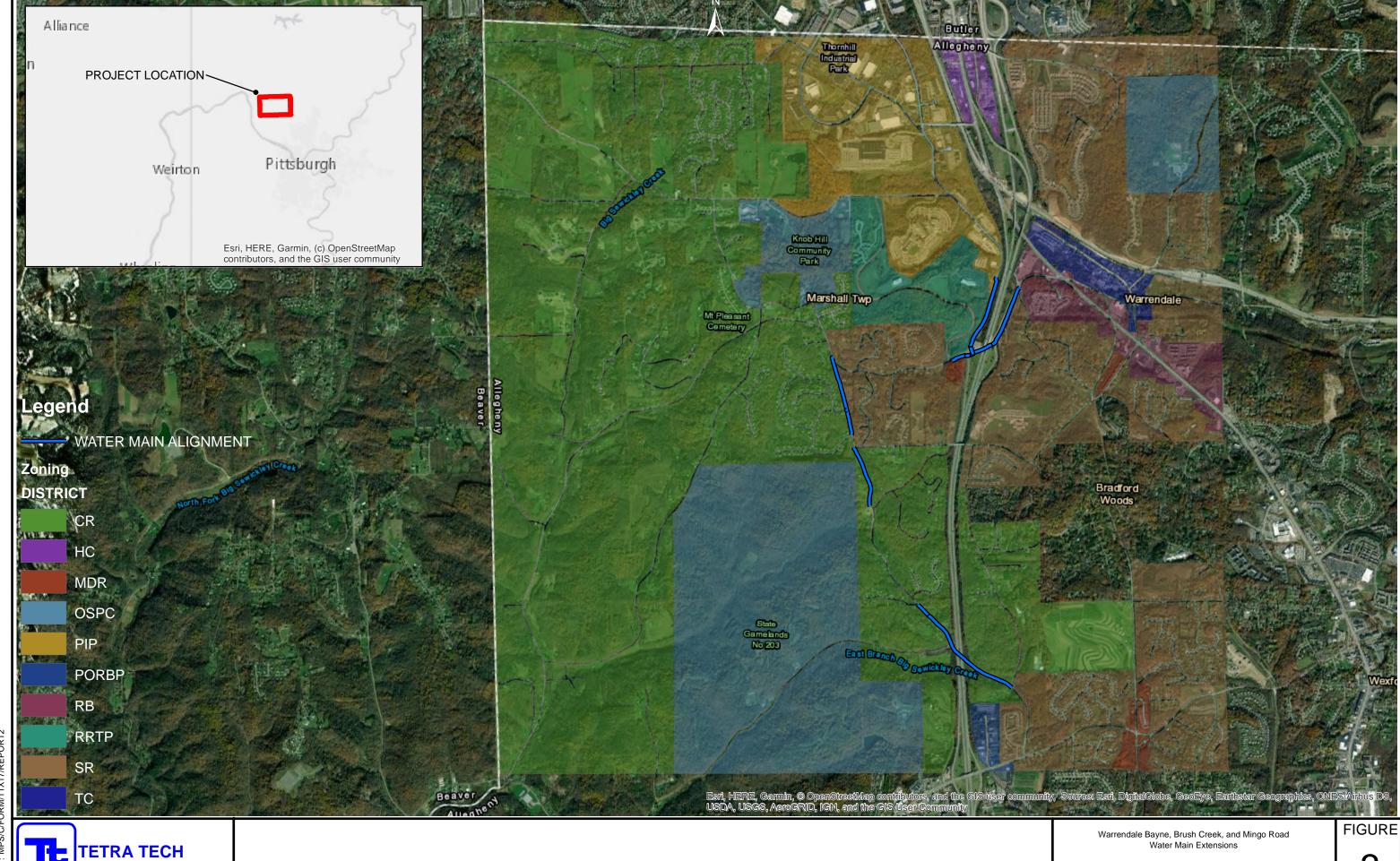
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# **APPENDIX A**





FEMA Flood Hazard Map



DATE: 7/21/21 DESIGNED: K. KOSITZ

Warrendale Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions

Zoning Map

# COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF WATERWAYS ENGINEERING AND WETLANDS

Applicant's Name / Client: West View Water Authority

#### AOUATIC RESOURCES IMPACT TABLE

#### FOR PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION CHAPTER 105 WATER OBSTRUCTION AND ENCROACHMENT APPLICATION / REGISTRATION

	FOR FENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION CHAPTER 105 WATER OBSTRUCTION AND ENCROACHMENT APPLICATION / REGISTRATION														
Project / Site Name: Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions Project (Allegheny County)								Date: March 2021							
PA	DEP USE ON	NLY	PROJECT INFORMATION									PADEP / 105			
PADEP	Single Complete								PA Code			Watercourse Impact Top-of-Bank to Top-of-Bank	Floodway Impact Top-of-Bank Landward	Wetland Impact Dimension	
Permit	Crossing	Crossing		Structure / Activity	Aquatic	Latitude dd	Longitude dd		Chapter 93		PADEP Impact	Length and	Length and	Length and	
Number	Number	Number	Fee	Unique Identifier	Resource Type	NAD83	NAD83	Waters Name	Designation	Work Proposed	Туре	Width (feet)	Width (feet)	Width (feet)	
2 (0.222.00 02	- 100000	- (		•						•	Permanent	3.0 - 1.3	100 - 1.3	0	
			NA	S-KZ02	Stream	40.653012°	-80.094485°	UNT to Brush Creek	WWF	Utility Line Crossing	Temporary	3.0 - 7.7	100 - 7.59	0	
			27.4	a regot to		10.5515200	00.0051460	10.00 h			Permanent	8.5 - 1.3	238 - 1.3	0	
			NA	S-KZ01-UP	Stream	40.651538°	-80.095146°	UNT to Brush Creek	WWF	Utility Line Crossing	Temporary	8.5 - 10.5	238 - 17.6	0	
			NA	S-KZ04	Stream	40.652867°	-80.092271°	UNT to Brush Creek	WWF	Utility Line Crossing	Permanent	3.0 - 1.3	100 - 1.3	0	
			NA	3-KZ04	Sucam	40.032807	-80.092271	OIVI to Blush creek	******	Othity Line Crossing	Temporary	3.0 - 10.9	100 - 11	0	
			NA	S-KZ05	Stream	40.637598°	-80.106511°	UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley	TSF	Utility Line Crossing	Permanent	5.0 - 1.3	225 - 1.3	0	
			IIA	5 KZ05	Bucam	40.037370	-00.100311	Creek	151	Othity Line Crossing	Temporary	5.0 - 22.8	225 - 14	0	
			NA	S-KZ08	Stream	40.623396°	-80.093637°	East Branch Big Sewickley Creek	TSF	Utility Line Crossing	Permanent	8.0 - 1.3	259 - 1.3	0	
			11/1	S MEOO	Sacum	10.025570	00.073037	Zan Branen Big Bewickley Creek	151	Cumi, Zane Crossing	Temporary	8.0 - 14	259 - 15	0	
			NA	S-KZ10 (Floodway)	Floodway	40.622532°	-80.091335°	UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley	TSF	Utility Line Crossing	Permanent	0	12 - 1.3	0	
			11//	5-K210 (Floodway)	Tioodway	40.022332	-00.071333	Creek	131		Temporary	0	12 - 51.9	0	

PADEP Impact Types (Permanent and Temporary):

Permanent Impacts are those areas affected by a water obstruction or encroachment that consist of both direct and indirect impacts that result from the placement or construction of a water obstruction or encroachment, and include areas necessary for the operation and maintenance of the water obstruction or encroachment, and include areas necessary for the operation and maintenance of the water obstruction or encroachment located in, along, or across, or projecting into a watercourse, floodway, or body of water.

Temporary Impacts are those areas affected during the construction of a water obstruction or encroachment that consists of both direct and indirect impacts located in, along, or across, or projecting into a watercourse, floodway, or body of water that are restored upon completion of construction. This does not include areas that will be maintained as a result of the operation and maintenance of the water obstruction or encroachment located in, along, or across, or projecting into a watercourse, floodway, or body of water (these are considered permanent impacts).

(1) Resource crossing qualifies under Chapter 105.12a Waiver (2) - A water obstruction in a stream or floodway with a drainage area of 100 acres or less.

dd = Decimal Degrees

CWF = Cold Water Fishes

HQ-CWF = High Quality Cold Water Fishes

WWF = Warm Water Fishes

NAD83 = North American Datum 1983

PADEP = Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection

UNT = Unnamed Tributary

Table 1. **Identified Streams** 

Stream Number <sup>1</sup>	Stream Reach ID	PA Chapter 93 Stream Name <sup>2</sup>	County	Latitude <sup>3</sup>	Longitude <sup>3</sup>	Flow Regime	Water Type⁴	Cowardin Class <sup>5</sup>	Flow Direction	PA Stream Designated Use <sup>6</sup>	Top of Bank Width (feet)	Figure(s)
1	S-KZ01-DN	UNT to Brush Creek	Allegheny	40.653921	-80.093913	Perennial	RPW	R3UB1	N	WWF	5.50	4-1
Į.	S-KZ01-UP	UNT to Brush Creek	Allegheny	40.651472	-80.095425	Perennial	RPW	R3UB3	N	WWF	8.50	4-1, 4-2, 4-3
2	S-KZ02	UNT to Brush Creek	Allegheny	40.653018	-80.094622	Intermittent	RPW	R4SB3	Е	WWF	3.00	4-1
3	S-KZ03	UNT to Brush Creek	Allegheny	40.650881	-80.095334	Perennial	RPW	R3UB3	N	WWF	3.00	4-2, 4-3
4	S-KZ04	UNT to Brush Creek	Allegheny	40.652721	-80.092034	Ephemeral	NRPW	R6	W	WWF	3.00	4-2
5	S-KZ05	UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley Creek	Allegheny	40.637207	-80.106415	Ephemeral	NRPW	R6	SE	TSF	5.00	4-8
6	S-KZ06	UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley Creek	Allegheny	40.624039	-80.095600	Perennial	RPW	R3UB1	S	TSF	12.00	4-10, 4-11
7	S-KZ07	UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley Creek	Allegheny	40.623881	-80.095365	Intermittent	RPW	R4SB3	S	TSF	6.00	4-10, 4-11
8	S-KZ08	East Branch Big Sewickley Creek	Allegheny	40.623387	-80.093156	Perennial	RPW	R3UB1	WNW	TSF	8.00	4-10, 4-11
9	S-KZ09	UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley Creek	Allegheny	40.623023	-80.092983	Intermittent	RPW	R4SB3	NE	TSF	4.00	4-11
10	S-KZ10	UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley Creek	Allegheny	40.622768	-80.091064	Intermittent	RPW	R4SB2	N	TSF	6.50	4-11

### Notes:

- Streams with braided channels, streams that have different flow regimes (e.g. ephemeral and intermittent) within the surveyed reach, and Chapter 93 named streams with different field stream reach identification names are counted as single streams.

   From PADEP (2018); see References. For identified streams without a PA Chapter 93 name, the identified stream was given the name, "Unnamed Tributary (UNT)", of the first named receiving waterbody.

   RPW = Relatively Permanent Waters

   NRPW = Non-Relatively Permanent Waters

   TNW = Traditional Navigable Waters

   From Cowardin et al. 1979; see References.

   Stream Designated Use Under Chapter 93 of Title 25 of the PA Code.

  Admitted Life

#### Aquatic Life

- CWF = Cold Water Fishes MF = Migratory Fishes TSF = Trout Stocking

### - WWF = Warm Water Fishes Special Protection

- EV = Exceptional Value Waters
- HQ = High Quality Waters

Table 2. Identified Wetlands

Wetland Number <sup>1</sup>	Wetland ID	Latitude <sup>2</sup>	Longitude <sup>2</sup>	Cowardin Class <sup>3</sup>	HGM⁴	Water Type <sup>5</sup>	Associated Waterbodies	Size (square feet) <sup>6</sup>	Open/Closed Boundary	Figure(s)
	W-KZ01-PEM	40.653888	-80.093911	PEM	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ01-DN	2,464	Closed	4-1
1	W-KZ01-PFO	40.653543	-80.094071	PFO	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ01-DN, S-KZ01-UP, S-KZ02	9,686	Closed	4-1, 4-2
	W-KZ01-PSS	40.654176	-80.093804	PSS	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ01-DN	4,650	Open	4-1
2	W-KZ02-PEM	40.651213	-80.095160	PEM	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ01-UP, S-KZ03	23,346	Closed	4-2, 4-3
2	W-KZ02-PSS	40.651120	-80.095054	PSS	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ03	7,909	Closed	4-2, 4-3
3	W-KZ03	40.651365	-80.095601	PEM	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ01-UP	436	Closed	4-2
4	W-KZ04	40.650113	-80.096697	PSS	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ01-UP	22,937	Open	4-3
5	W-KZ05	40.649183	-80.095489	PEM	Depressional	ISOLATE	N/A	1,074	Closed	4-3, 4-4
6	W-KZ06	40.652454	-80.092304	PSS	Slope	NRPWW	S-KZ04	5,858	Open	4-2
7	W-KZ07	40.637756	-80.106574	PEM	Slope	NRPWW	S-KZ05	2,068	Closed	4-8
8	W-KZ08	40.625789	-80.097288	PEM	Depressional	NRPWW	UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley Creek	8,628	Open	4-10
9	W-KZ09	40.624426	-80.095334	PEM	Slope	RPWWD	S-KZ06	6,580	Open	4-10, 4-11
10	W-KZ10	40.623907	-80.095428	PEM	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ06, S-KZ07, S-KZ08	3,695	Open	4-10, 4-11
11	W-KZ11	40.623267	-80.093932	PFO	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ08	9,774	Open	4-11
12	W-KZ12-PFO	40.623272	-80.092666	PFO	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ08	14,432	Open	4-11
12	W-KZ12-PEM	40.622998	-80.091815	PEM	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ08	16,072	Open	4-11
13	W-KZ13	40.622432	-80.091266	PEM	Riverine	RPWWN	S-KZ10	1,262	Closed	4-11

# Notes:

- 1 Wetlands with multiple contiguous Cowardin types (e.g. PEM and PSS) are considered a single wetland system and are counted as one wetland.
- 2 In decimal degrees. Coordinates show wetland test pit locations.
- 3 PEM = Palustrine Emergent
- PFO = Palustrine Forested
- PSS = Palustrine Scrub-Shrub
- PUB = Palustrine Unconsolidated Bottom
- 4 HGM = Hydrogeomorphic
- 5 RPWWD = Wetlands directly abutting Relatively Permanent Waters (RPWs) that flow directly or indirectly into Traditional Navigable Waterways (TNWs)
- RPWWN = Wetlands adjacent but not directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- NRPWW = Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- Isolate = Isolated (interstate or intrastate) waters, including isolated wetlands
- 6 Size of wetlands with open boundaries may be larger than shown in this table. Wetland size shown is the size of the wetland delineated and illustrated on Aquatic Resource Location Map.

# **APPENDIX B**

# 1. PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Name: Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions

Date of Review: 2/25/2021 04:31:59 PM

Project Category: Water extraction/transfer, Water line construction

Project Area: **1.56 acres** County(s): **Allegheny** 

Township/Municipality(s): MARSHALL TOWNSHIP

ZIP Code:

Quadrangle Name(s): EMSWORTH; MARS

Watersheds HUC 8: Connoquenessing; Upper Ohio Watersheds HUC 12: Big Sewickley Creek; Brush Creek

Decimal Degrees: 40.651052, -80.093148

Degrees Minutes Seconds: 40° 39' 3.7874" N, 80° 5' 35.3322" W

## 2. SEARCH RESULTS

Agency	Results	Response
PA Game Commission	No Known Impact	No Further Review Required
PA Department of Conservation and Natural Resources	No Known Impact	No Further Review Required
PA Fish and Boat Commission	No Known Impact	No Further Review Required
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service	No Known Impact	No Further Review Required

As summarized above, Pennsylvania Natural Diversity Inventory (PNDI) records indicate no known impacts to threatened and endangered species and/or special concern species and resources within the project area. Therefore, based on the information you provided, no further coordination is required with the jurisdictional agencies. This response does not reflect potential agency concerns regarding impacts to other ecological resources, such as wetlands.

# Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions

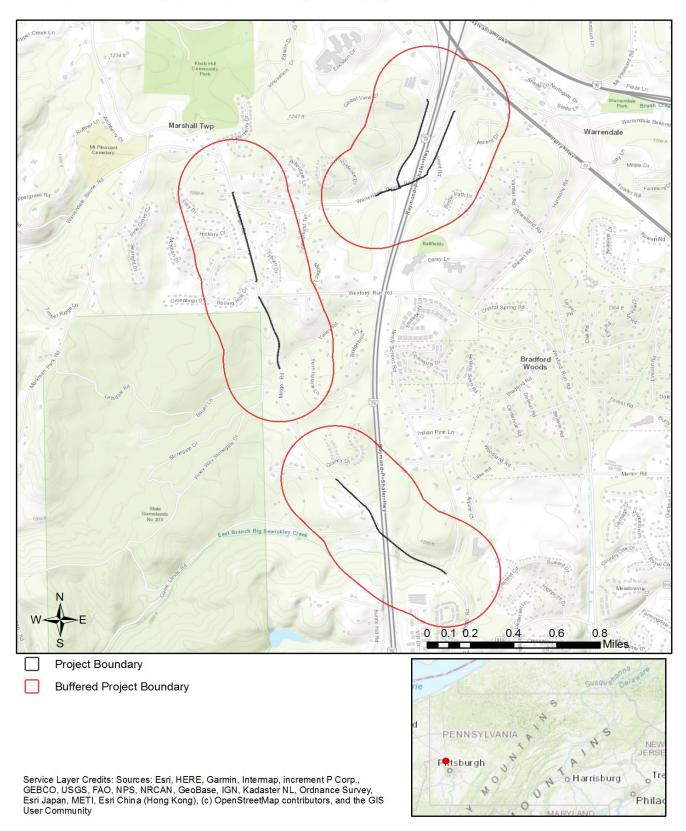


Project Boundary

Buffered Project Boundary

Service Layer Credits: Source: Esri, Maxar, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AeroGRID, IGN, and the GIS User Community Esri, HERE, Garmin, (c) OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS user community Sources: Esri, HERE, Garmin, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China

# Warrendale-Bayne, Brush Creek, and Mingo Road Water Main Extensions



#### 3. AGENCY COMMENTS

Regardless of whether a DEP permit is necessary for this proposed project, any potential impacts to threatened and endangered species and/or special concern species and resources must be resolved with the appropriate jurisdictional agency. In some cases, a permit or authorization from the jurisdictional agency may be needed if adverse impacts to these species and habitats cannot be avoided.

These agency determinations and responses are **valid for two years** (from the date of the review), and are based on the project information that was provided, including the exact project location; the project type, description, and features; and any responses to questions that were generated during this search. If any of the following change: 1) project location, 2) project size or configuration, 3) project type, or 4) responses to the questions that were asked during the online review, the results of this review are not valid, and the review must be searched again via the PNDI Environmental Review Tool and resubmitted to the jurisdictional agencies. The PNDI tool is a primary screening tool, and a desktop review may reveal more or fewer impacts than what is listed on this PNDI receipt. The jurisdictional agencies **strongly advise against** conducting surveys for the species listed on the receipt prior to consultation with the agencies.

### **PA Game Commission**

#### **RESPONSE:**

No Impact is anticipated to threatened and endangered species and/or special concern species and resources.

# PA Department of Conservation and Natural Resources RESPONSE:

No Impact is anticipated to threatened and endangered species and/or special concern species and resources.

# **PA Fish and Boat Commission**

#### **RESPONSE:**

No Impact is anticipated to threatened and endangered species and/or special concern species and resources.

# U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service RESPONSE:

No impacts to **federally** listed or proposed species are anticipated. Therefore, no further consultation/coordination under the Endangered Species Act (87 Stat. 884, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq. is required. Because no take of federally listed species is anticipated, none is authorized. This response does not reflect potential Fish and Wildlife Service concerns under the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act or other authorities.

#### 4. DEP INFORMATION

The Pa Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) requires that a signed copy of this receipt, along with any required documentation from jurisdictional agencies concerning resolution of potential impacts, be submitted with applications for permits requiring PNDI review. Two review options are available to permit applicants for handling PNDI coordination in conjunction with DEP's permit review process involving either T&E Species or species of special concern. Under sequential review, the permit applicant performs a PNDI screening and completes all coordination with the appropriate jurisdictional agencies prior to submitting the permit application. The applicant will include with its application, both a PNDI receipt and/or a clearance letter from the jurisdictional agency if the PNDI Receipt shows a Potential Impact to a species or the applicant chooses to obtain letters directly from the jurisdictional agencies. Under concurrent review, DEP, where feasible, will allow technical review of the permit to occur concurrently with the T&E species consultation with the jurisdictional agency. The applicant must still supply a copy of the PNDI Receipt with its permit application. The PNDI Receipt should also be submitted to the appropriate agency according to directions on the PNDI Receipt. The applicant and the jurisdictional agency will work together to resolve the potential impact(s). See the DEP PNDI policy at https://conservationexplorer.dcnr.pa.gov/content/resources.

Project Search ID: PNDI-728569

#### Project Search ID: PNDI-728569

#### 5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The PNDI environmental review website is a preliminary screening tool. There are often delays in updating species status classifications. Because the proposed status represents the best available information regarding the conservation status of the species, state jurisdictional agency staff give the proposed statuses at least the same consideration as the current legal status. If surveys or further information reveal that a threatened and endangered and/ or special concern species and resources exist in your project area, contact the appropriate jurisdictional agency/agencies immediately to identify and resolve any impacts.

For a list of species known to occur in the county where your project is located, please see the species lists by county found on the PA Natural Heritage Program (PNHP) home page (<a href="www.naturalheritage.state.pa.us">www.naturalheritage.state.pa.us</a>). Also note that the PNDI Environmental Review Tool only contains information about species occurrences that have actually been reported to the PNHP.

#### 6. AGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION

# PA Department of Conservation and Natural Resources

Bureau of Forestry, Ecological Services Section 400 Market Street, PO Box 8552 Harrisburg, PA 17105-8552

Email: RA-HeritageReview@pa.gov

#### PA Fish and Boat Commission

Name: Emily Zapinski

Division of Environmental Services 595 E. Rolling Ridge Dr., Bellefonte, PA 16823 Email: RA-FBPACENOTIFY@pa.gov

#### U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

Pennsylvania Field Office Endangered Species Section 110 Radnor Rd; Suite 101 State College, PA 16801 Email: <a href="mailto:IR1\_ESPenn@fws.gov">IR1\_ESPenn@fws.gov</a>

**NO Faxes Please** 

#### **PA Game Commission**

Bureau of Wildlife Habitat Management
Division of Environmental Planning and Habitat
Protection
2001 Elmorton Avanua Harrisburg, PA 17110, 976

2001 Elmerton Avenue, Harrisburg, PA 17110-9797

Email: RA-PGC PNDI@pa.gov

**NO Faxes Please** 

## 7. PROJECT CONTACT INFORMATION

Company/Business Name: Tetra Tech, Inc.		
Address: 661 Andersen Dr., Suite #200_	-2125((a. U)) a t( )	
City, State, Zip: Pittsburgh, PA 15220		
Phone:(412) 377-0355 Fax:(_)		
Email: emily.zapinski@tetratech.com		
8. CERTIFICATION I certify that ALL of the project information contained in this recisize/configuration, project type, answers to questions) is true, a location, size or configuration changes, or if the answers to any change, I agree to re-do the online environmental review.	ccurate and complete. In addition, if the project typ	
applicant/project proponent signature	02/25/2021	_
applicant/project proponent signature	date	

# **APPENDIX C**

# Aquatic Resource Report for the USACE LRP Water Main Extension Project

**USACE LRP (Pittsburgh District)** 

Allegheny County, Pennsylvania

November 2020

Prepared for:

# **USACE LRP (Pittsburgh District)**

W.S. Moorhead Federal Building 1000 Liberty Avenue, Room 2203, Pittsburgh, PA 15222-4186

Prepared by:

#### Tetra Tech, Inc.

661 Andersen Drive Suite 200 Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15220 Phone: (412) 921-7090

Phone: (412) 921-7090 Fax: (412) 921-4040

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Table 2: Identified Wetlands

Table 3: Allegheny County Hydric Soils List

# **APPENDICES**

Appendix A: Stream Data Forms

Appendix B: USACE Wetland Determination Data Forms

Appendix C: Non-Jurisdictional Aquatic Feature Photographs

Appendix D: Resumes

# **ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS**

Acronyms/Abbreviations	Definition	
1987 Manual	Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual	
FAC	Facultative	
FACU	Facultative Upland	
FACW	Facultative Wetland	
GIS	Geographic Information Systems	
GPS	Global Positioning System	
HGM	Hydrogeomorphic	
HUC	Hydrologic Unit Code	
NJD	Non-Jurisdictional	
NRCS	Natural Resources Conservation Service	
NRPW	Non-Relatively Permanent Waters	
NRPWW	Wetlands adjacent to Non-Relatively Permanent Waters that flow directly or indirectly into Traditionally Navigable Waters	
NWI	National Wetlands Inventory	
OBL	Obligate	
OHWM	Ordinary High-Water Mark	
PA	Pennsylvania	
PADEP	Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection	
PEM	Palustrine Emergent	
PFO	Palustrine Forested	
Project	USACE LRP Water Main Extension Project	
PSS	Palustrine Scrub-Shrub	
PUB	Palustrine Unconsolidated Bottom	
Regional Supplement	Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region Version 2.0	
RPW	Relatively Permanent Waters	
RPWWD	Wetlands directly abutting Relatively Permanent Waters that flow directly or indirectly into Traditionally Navigable Waters	
RPWWN	Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting Relatively Permanent Waters that flow directly or indirectly into Traditionally Navigable Waters	
Tetra Tech	Tetra Tech, Inc.	
TNW	Traditionally Navigable Water	
TNWW	Wetlands Adjacent to Traditionally Navigable Waters	
UNT	Unnamed Tributary	

Acronyms/Abbreviations	Definition
UPL	Upland
USACE	United States Army Corps of Engineers
USACE LRP	USACE LRP (Pittsburgh District)
USDA	United States Department of Agriculture
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency
USFWS	United States Fish and Wildlife Service
USGS	United States Geological Survey

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

USACE LRP - Pittsburgh District (USACE LRP) proposes the design and installation of the USACE LRP Water Main Extension Project (Project), a new 16-inch water distribution main network, totaling 13,700 linear feet, which connects at multiple points to the existing water distribution system to better serve customers in the Marshall Township, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania (PA). The Project is in Allegheny County, PA, as shown on the United States Geological Survey (USGS) Project Location Map (Figure 1). The Project is in the Connoquenessing (Hydrologic Unit Code [HUC] 05030105) and Upper Ohio (HUC 05030101) Watersheds (USGS 2019). The Project study area and surrounding landscape is primarily dominated by commercial and residential land, with occasional upland forests bisected by Interstate 79. The Project study area consists of gentle to moderately sloped topography as primarily follows existing paved roadways.

Tetra Tech, Inc. (Tetra Tech), on behalf of USACE LRP, prepared this Aquatic Resource Report summarizing the results of a field survey of the Project study area for the presence of wetlands and surface water features. Tetra Tech applied the methods detailed in the United States Army Corps of Engineers' (USACE) Wetland Delineation Manual (1987 Manual; Environmental Laboratory 1987), as amended by the Regional Supplement to the Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual: Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region Version 2.0 (Regional Supplement; USACE 2012).

# 2.0 METHODS

The primary objective of the aquatic resource field survey is to identify and map potentially jurisdictional streams and wetlands for Project permitting; however, the survey also includes the identification and mapping of likely non-jurisdictional (NJD) aquatic features (see Section 2.4)

#### 2.1 FIELD SURVEY

Prior to the start of field surveys, an initial desktop analysis of the Project study area is conducted through a review of available Geographic Information Systems (GIS) resources. Information reviewed includes the following:

- USGS topographic mapping (Figure 1; National Geographic Society, i-cubed 2013).
- Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey (Figure 2; NRCS 2017) mapping and data.
- United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) mapping (Figure 3; USFWS 2018).
- Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP) Chapter 93 Designated Use Streams mapping (Figure 3; PADEP 2018).

All features identified in the field, including stream reaches, wetlands, and wetland upland points, are given unique identification names (i.e. S-ID, W-ID, and W-ID-UPL, respectively). In addition, the PADEP Chapter 93 stream name (PADEP 2018) for field identified streams is recorded on the stream data form (Appendix A) and listed in Table 1. Identified streams without a PADEP Chapter 93 name are named, "Unnamed Tributary (UNT)" of the first named receiving waterbody.

Identified stream reaches are mapped along their entire course within the study area by use of a Global Positioning System (GPS) receiver with sub-meter accuracy or better. The identified streams are shown on the Aquatic Resource Location Map (Figures 4-1 to 4-11). Stream data forms detailing stream characteristics are provided in Appendix A. Photographs and photograph location maps of each identified stream reach are included immediately following each features' respective stream data form.

Wetland delineation involves the establishment of the wetland/upland boundary based on the identification of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology indicators. This delineated wetland boundary is mapped in the field by use of a GPS receiver. Delineated wetlands are shown as closed or open boundary systems on the Aquatic Resource Location Map (Figures 4-1 to 4-11). Wetlands that continue beyond the delineated boundary shown on the Aquatic Resource Location Map are identified as open boundary wetland systems. Wetlands that do not continue beyond the delineated boundary shown on the Aquatic Resource Location Map are identified as closed boundary wetland systems. Data collected on vegetation, soils, and hydrology for identified wetlands and their associated upland points are recorded on USACE Wetland Determination Data Forms (Appendix B). Photographs and photograph location maps of each identified wetland are included immediately following each features' respective USACE Wetland Determination Data Form.

NJD aquatic features identified within the Project study area are assessed, documented, mapped in the field by use of a GPS receiver, and are shown on the Aquatic Resource Location Map (Figures 4-1 to 4-11). Photographs and photograph location maps of each identified non-jurisdictional aquatic feature are provided in Appendix C.

#### 2.2 STREAM IDENTIFICATION

Potentially jurisdictional streams are identified in the field by the presence of a continuous channel that exhibits evidence of frequent or reoccurring water flow such as a defined bed, bank, and an ordinary high-water mark (OHWM; USACE and United States Environmental Protection Agency [USEPA] 2007).

The designated use of identified streams is identified in 25 Pa. Code §93. Physical and biological characteristics of the identified streams are evaluated to determine Flow Regime (82 FR 1860, January 6, 2017), USACE Waters Type (USACE and USEPA 2007), and Cowardin classifications (Cowardin et al. 1979). Physical characteristics evaluated include but are not limited to channel morphology, substrate size and type, and base flow conditions. Biological characteristics evaluated include but are not limited to the presence of fish, aquatic macroinvertebrates, and vegetation rooted within the OHWM. USACE Water Types (USACE and USEPA 2007) include:

- Traditional Navigable Water (TNW) All "navigable waters of the U.S.," defined in 33 CFR Part 329 and by numerous decisions of the federal courts, plus all other waters that are navigable-in-fact.
- Relatively Permanent Waters (RPW) Streams that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs and where the flow of water is continuous year-round or at least seasonally.
- Non-RPW (NRPW) Streams that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs where the flow of water is not
  continuous at least seasonally.

Flow Regimes (82 FR 1860, January 6, 2017) include:

- Perennial Streams that typically have flow year-round. Most of the hydrology for perennial streams is
  derived from smaller upstream waters and/or groundwater sources with precipitation as a
  supplemental hydrologic contributor. Perennial streams are classified as RPW or TNW USACE
  Waters Types (USACE and USEPA 2007).
- Intermittent Streams with seasonal flow, typically during the wet season (winter through spring). At least
  a portion of the hydrology for intermittent streams is derived from groundwater sources with
  precipitation as a supplemental hydrologic contributor. Intermittent streams are classified as an
  RPW USACE Waters Type (USACE and USEPA 2007).
- Ephemeral Rain-dependent streams flowing only after precipitation event. Precipitation driven run-off
  from the localized surrounding landscape is the primary source of hydrology. Ephemeral streams
  are different from non-jurisdictional ditches and drainages due to the presence of an observable
  OHWM. Ephemeral streams are classified as an NRPW USACE Waters Type (USACE and USEPA
  2007).

#### 2.3 WETLAND DELINEATION

Wetland delineations are conducted in accordance with the procedures specified in the 1987 Manual (Environmental Laboratory 1987) and the Regional Supplement (USACE 2012). According to the 1987 Manual (Environmental Laboratory 1987), an area is defined as a wetland if, under normal circumstances, it meets all three of the following criteria: predominance of hydrophytic vegetation (plants adapted for life in saturated soil conditions); hydric soils (soils formed under water, or in saturated conditions); and wetland hydrology (current or recent inundation or saturated soils at some time during the growing season).

# 2.3.1 Hydrophytic Vegetation

Hydrophytic vegetation is identified in the field based on protocol outlined in the *Regional Supplement* (USACE 2012). Plant species representative of the habitats within the Project study area are identified to the species

taxonomic level and the indicator status for each plant species is identified using the *National Wetland Plant List*, *version 3.4.* (USACE 2018). Wetland indicator statuses are described below (Reed 1988):

- Obligate (OBL) almost always occurs in wetlands; estimated probability of occurrence in a wetland is greater than 99 percent.
- Facultative Wetland (FACW) usually occurs in wetlands but may occur in non-wetlands; estimated
  probability of occurrence in a wetland is 67 to 99 percent.
- Facultative (FAC) equally likely to occur in wetlands and non-wetlands; estimated probability of occurrence in a wetland is 34 to 66 percent.
- Facultative Upland (FACU) usually occurs in non-wetlands but may occur in wetlands; estimated probability of occurrence in a wetland is 1 to 33 percent.
- Upland (UPL) rarely occurs in wetlands; estimated probability of occurrence in a wetland is less than 1
  percent.

Hydrophytic vegetation includes species with an indicator status of OBL, FACW, or FAC. Hydrophytic vegetation decisions are based on the plant community typically present during the wet portion of the growing season during a normal rainfall year. In areas where human practices or natural events have influenced vegetation, procedures for difficult or problematic situations outlined in the *Regional Supplement* (USACE 2012) are followed.

Wetlands habitat types are based on vegetation strata composition and are classified in accordance with the USFWS Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States (Cowardin et al. 1979):

- Palustrine emergent (PEM) contain emergent, herbaceous (non-woody) plants which are the tallest life form with at least 30 percent aerial coverage.
- Palustrine scrub-shrub (PSS) contain woody plants less than six meters (20 feet) in height which are the
  tallest life form with at least 30 percent aerial coverage, or, when trees or shrubs alone cover less
  than 30 percent of an area but in combination cover 30 percent or more. Trees are defined as
  woody plants at least six meters (20 feet) in height, and shrubs are defined as woody plants less
  than six meters (20 feet) in height.
- Palustrine forested (PFO) contain woody plants at least six meters (20 feet) in height which are the tallest life form with at least 30 percent aerial coverage.
- Palustrine unconsolidated bottom (PUB) contain all wetland and deepwater habitats with at least 25 percent cover of particles smaller than stones, and a vegetative cover of less than 30 percent.

# 2.3.2 Hydric Soils

Hydric soils are identified in the field based on protocol outlined in the 1987 Manual (Environmental Laboratory 1987), Regional Supplement (USACE 2012), and Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States (United States Department of Agriculture [USDA] 2010). Based on prior experience, the presence of field-identified hydric soils does not always align with NRCS mapped hydric soils units. The NRCS soil units represent a large geographic area and are based on broad geologic and historic conditions. The methods used in the Field Indicators of Hydric Soils in the United States (USDA 2010) are used to determine hydric soil conditions on a localized scale. A review of the NRCS mapped hydric soils units is used to initially identify areas that have the potential to contain wetlands (See Section 3.2); however, the wetland delineation boundaries are based on the presence of field identified hydric soils. In cases where soils are found to be disturbed or problematic, determinations may rely on the NRCS mapped hydric soil units (USACE 2012).

# 2.3.3 Wetland Hydrology

Wetland hydrology indicators are identified in the field based on protocol outlined in the 1987 Manual (Environmental Laboratory 1987) and Regional Supplement (USACE 2012). Hydrogeomorphic (HGM) and Water Type classifications are assigned to wetlands based on their hydrologic source and connectivity to streams. HGM classifications are based on A Hydrogeomorphic Classification for Wetlands (Brinson 1993); a summary of HGM classifications commonly used in the Project region is described below:

- Riverine Wetlands occur in floodplains and riparian corridors in association with stream channels.
- Depressional Wetlands occur in topographic depressions. Dominant water sources are precipitation ground water discharge, and both interflow and overland flow from adjacent uplands.
- Slope Wetlands normally are found where there is a discharge of ground water to the land surface. They
  normally occur on sloping land; elevation gradients may range from steep hillsides to slight slopes.

Wetland USACE Water Types (USACE and USEPA 2007) include:

- TNWW Wetlands adjacent to TNWs.
- RPWWD Wetlands directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.
- RPWWN Wetlands adjacent to but not directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.
- NRPWW Wetlands adjacent to NRPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs.
- Isolate Isolated (interstate or intrastate) waters, including isolated wetlands.

Current wetland hydrology indicators, inundation/saturation visible on aerial imagery, and estimates of the effects of ditches and subsurface drainage systems are all considered when making decisions regarding wetland hydrology in areas where human practices or natural events may have altered wetland hydrology.

## 2.4 NON-JURISDICTIONAL AQUATIC FEATURE IDENTIFICATION

Wetland delineations are conducted in accordance with the procedures specified in the 1987 Manual (Environmental Laboratory 1987) and the Regional Supplement (USACE 2012). Potentially jurisdictional streams are identified in the field by the presence of a continuous channel that exhibits evidence of frequent or reoccurring water flow such as a defined bed, bank, and an OHWM (USACE and USEPA 2007). Aquatic features that are identified and evaluated utilizing these methodologies but lack the necessary criteria to be considered a wetland, waterbody, or water of the U.S. are considered non-jurisdictional. NJD aquatic features may include but are not limited to stormwater management features (e.g. stormwater retention ponds, ditches excavated wholly in and draining only uplands that do not carry a relatively permanent flow), drainage features, groundwater wells, wet areas that are not tributaries or open waters and do not meet the regulatory definition of "wetlands", water-filled depressions created incidental to construction activity, and farm ponds.

The Aquatic Resource Location Map (Figures 4-1 to 4-11) illustrates the NJD aquatic feature locations in relation to the Project study area. Photographs and photograph location maps of each identified non-jurisdictional aquatic feature are provided in Appendix C.

# 3.0 RESULTS

Tetra Tech performed field surveys for USACE LRP Water Main Extension Project on September 27<sup>th</sup> and 28<sup>th</sup>, 2020. Field surveys were performed by qualified wetland scientists that are experienced in the region. Resumes of all personnel that performed the field surveys are provided in Appendix D. Surveys were limited to the Project study area illustrated on Figures 1 through 4. The field surveys identified 10 streams reaches, 13 wetlands, and five non-jurisdictional aquatic features within the Project study area. The Aquatic Resource Location Map (Figures 4-1 to 4-11) illustrate the wetland, stream, and non-jurisdictional aquatic feature locations in relation to the Project study area. Tables 1 and 2 summarize stream and wetland information for all identified stream reaches and wetlands. Stream data forms are included in Appendix A and Wetland Determination Data Forms for wetlands and their associated upland points are included in Appendix B. Non-jurisdictional aquatic feature photographs are provided in Appendix C.

This Aquatic Resource Report represents our best professional judgment and is based on site conditions at the time of the field survey. However, final authority over determinations made during these surveys rests with the PADEP and USACE.

#### 3.1 STREAM IDENTIFICATION

Ten stream reaches were identified in the Project study area based on our review of available GIS mapping data, evidence collected during field surveys, and best professional judgment. A summary of the data for each identified stream reach is provided in Table 1. Table 1 shows the stream reach field identification name, the PADEP Chapter 93 stream name, stream location, Flow Regime classification, Water Type classification, Cowardin classification, flow direction, PA Stream Designated Use, top of bank width, and Figure 4 sheet location. Stream data forms are provided for each stream reach in Appendix A. Photographs and photograph location maps of each identified stream reach are included immediately following each features' respective stream data form.

#### 3.2 WETLAND DELINEATION

NRCS and USFWS NWI mapping were reviewed for the initial desktop analysis of the Project study area to identify areas that may have the potential to contain wetlands. Table 3 summarizes the NRCS hydric soils list for Allegheny County. The NRCS soil survey mapping units are shown on Figure 2. A review of the USFWS NWI mapping indicates that there are no NWI wetlands mapped in the Project study area (Figure 3).

Thirteen wetlands are located within the Project study area based on our review of available GIS mapping data, evidence collected during field surveys, and best professional judgment.

A summary of each wetland identified and delineated within the Project study area is provided in Table 2. Table 2 shows the wetland identification name, location, Cowardin classification, HGM classification, Waters Type classification, the identity of any associated (i.e. abutting or adjacent) waterbodies, wetland size within the Project study area (in acres and square feet), whether the wetland boundary is open or closed (see Section 2.1), and Figure 4 sheet location. Wetlands with multiple Cowardin types (e.g. PEM and PSS) are considered a single wetland system and are counted as one wetland. The wetland size provided in Table 2 represents the size of the delineated wetland boundary shown on Figures 4-1 to 4-11. Open boundary wetlands continue beyond the delineated wetland boundary shown on Figures 4-1 to 4-11; therefore, the total wetland size of open boundary wetlands may be larger than the size provided in Table 2.

USACE Wetland Determination Data Forms detailing the existing vegetation, soil characteristics, and hydrology for each wetland and its associated upland point are provided in Appendix B. Photographs and photograph location maps of each identified wetland are included immediately following each features' respective USACE Wetland Determination Data Form.

#### 3.3 NON-JURISDICTIONAL AQUATIC FEATURES

Five non-jurisdictional aquatic features were identified in the Project study area based on our review of available GIS mapping data, evidence collected during field surveys, and best professional judgment. The NJD aquatic features (NJD-KZ01, NJD-KZ02, NJD-KZ03, NJD-KZ04, and NJD-KZ05) are maintained roadside drainage ditches, swales, or concrete sloughs conveying upland runoff along existing paved roads or highways. These stormwater management ditches, swales, or concrete sloughs are excavated wholly in uplands, lack of contiguous and well-defined bed and bank characteristics, lack a contiguous and well-defined OHWM, and some have upland vegetation growing within the substrate; therefore, these stormwater management features are not jurisdictional streams or waterbodies. The Aquatic Resource Location Map (Figures 4-1 to 4-11) illustrate the NJD aquatic feature locations in relation to the Project study area. Photographs and photograph location maps of each identified non-jurisdictional aquatic feature are provided in Appendix C.

# **4.0 CONCLUSION**

During the field survey of the USACE LRP Water Main Extension Project, 10 stream reaches, and 13 wetlands, and five non-jurisdictional aquatic features were identified within the Project study area. A summary of the identified stream reach and wetland data is provided in Tables 1 and 2 and locations of all streams, wetlands, and NJD aquatic features are shown on the Aquatic Resource Location Map (Figures 4-1 to 4-11).

This Aquatic Resource Report represents our best professional judgment and is based on site conditions at the time of the field survey. However, final authority over the determinations made during this survey rests with the PADEP and the USACE.

# **5.0 REFERENCES**

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# **FIGURES**

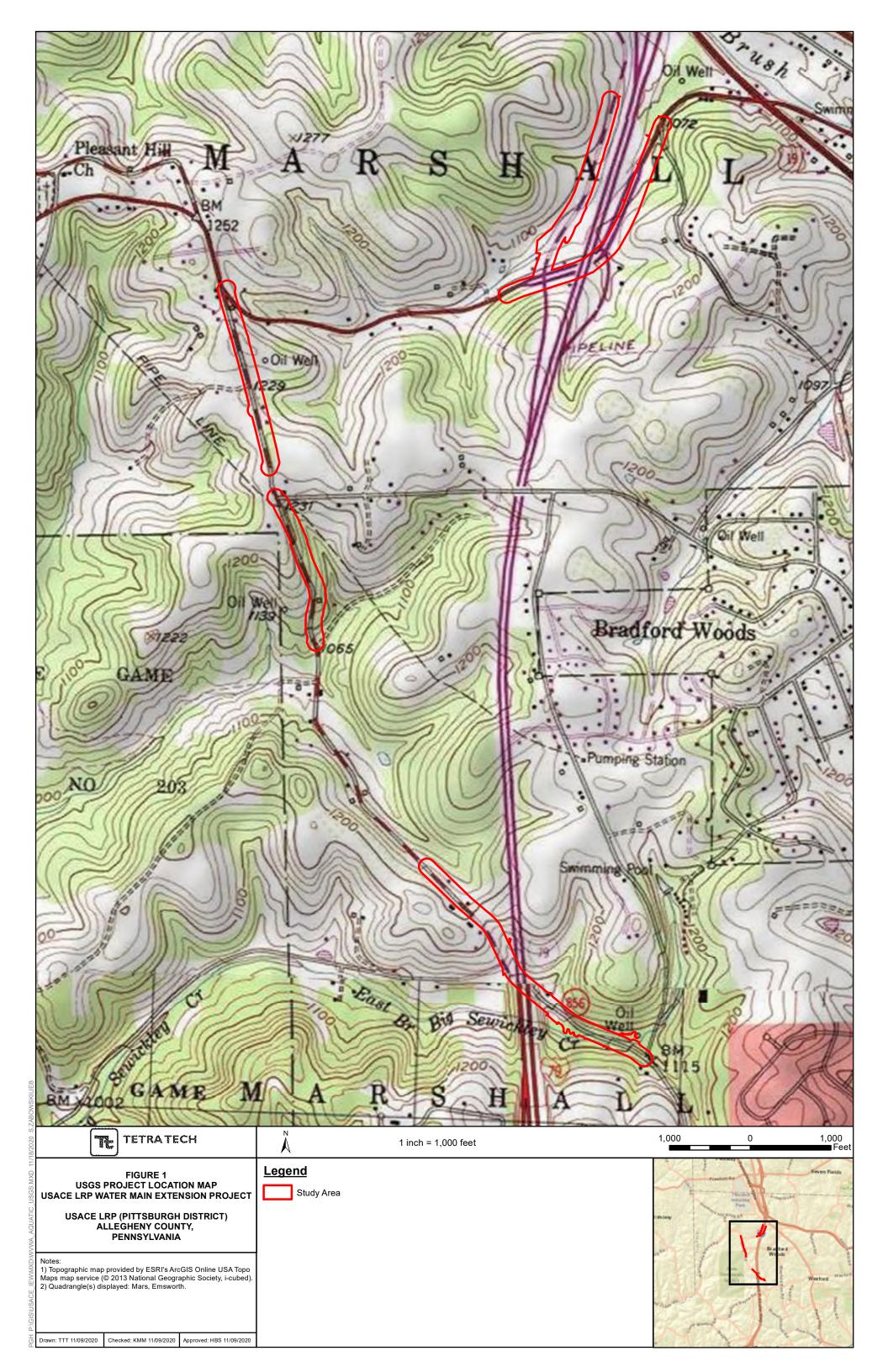
Figure 1: USGS Project Location Map

Figure 2: NRCS Soils Map

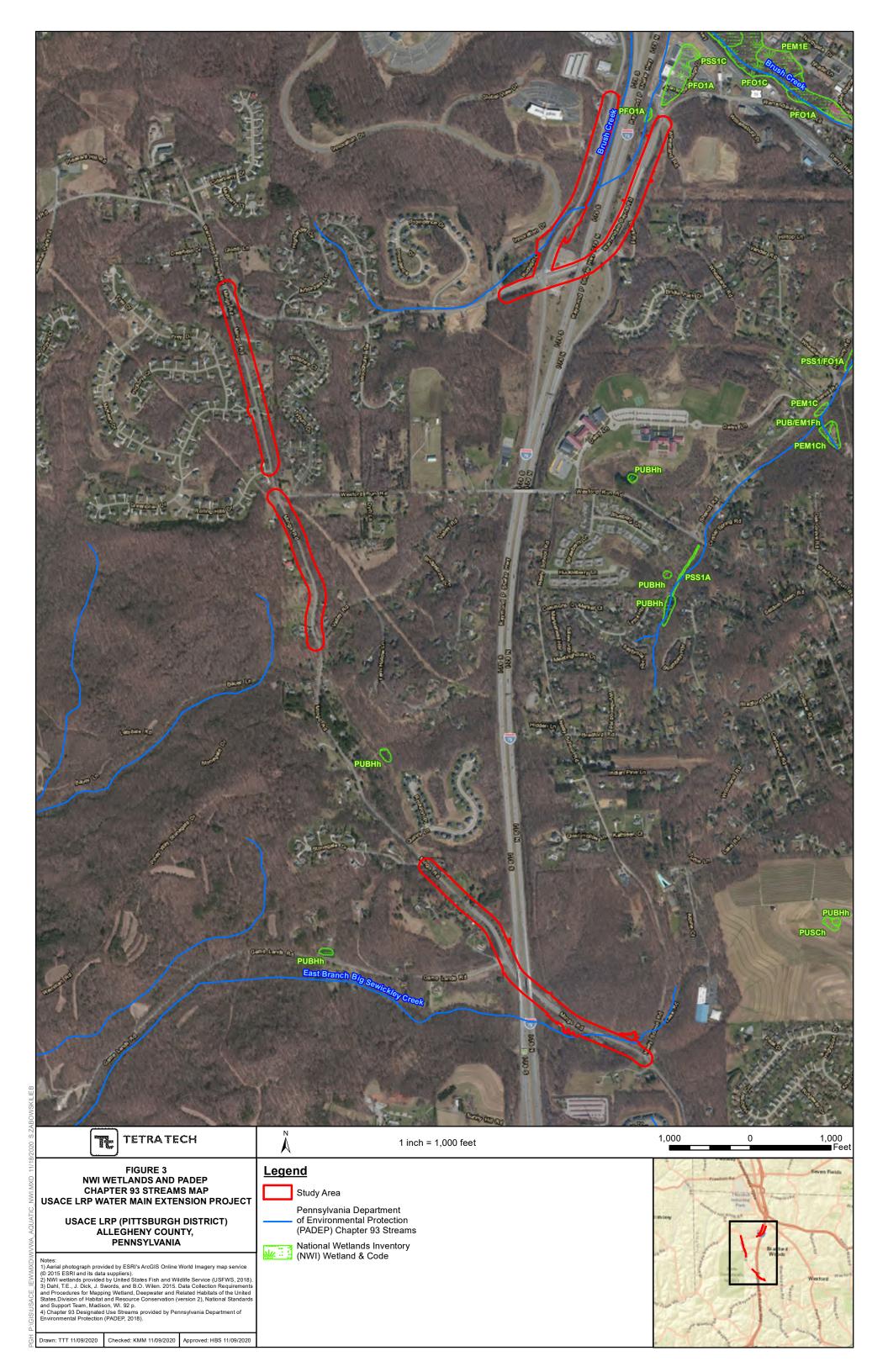
Figure 3: NWI Wetlands and PADEP Chapter 93 Streams Map

Figure 4-INDEX: USGS Project Index Map

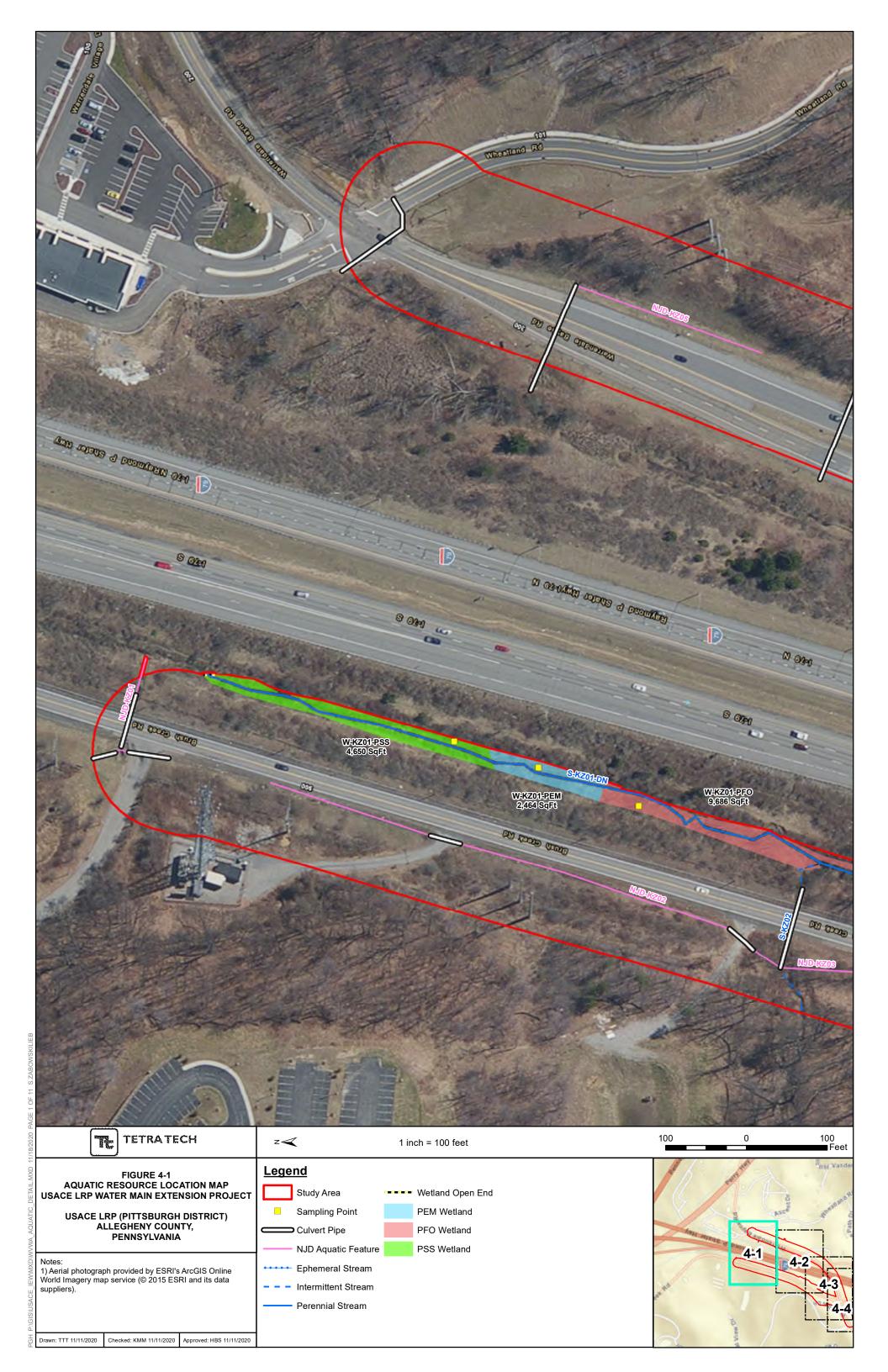
Figures 4-1 to 4-11: Aquatic Resource Location Map





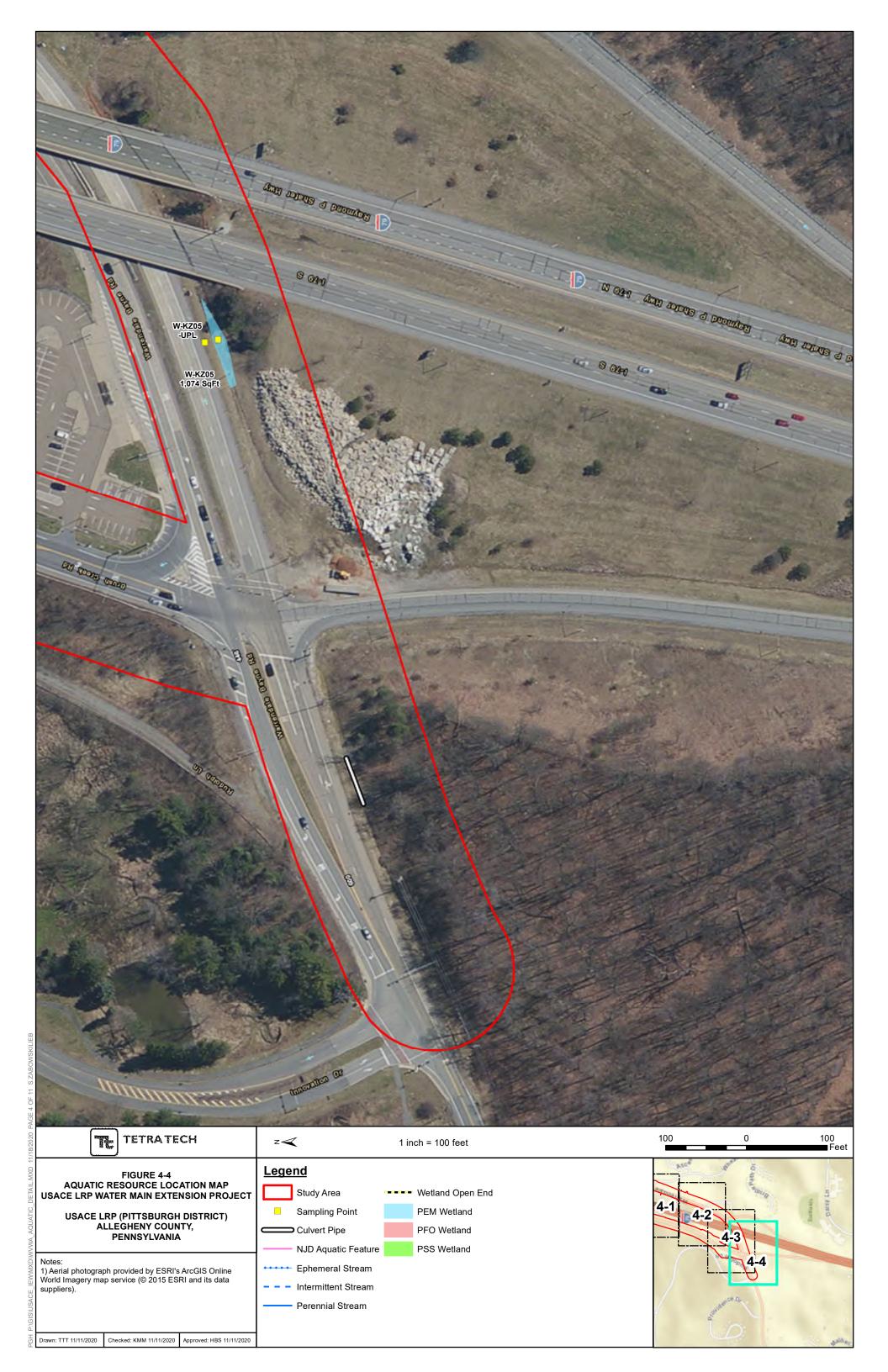










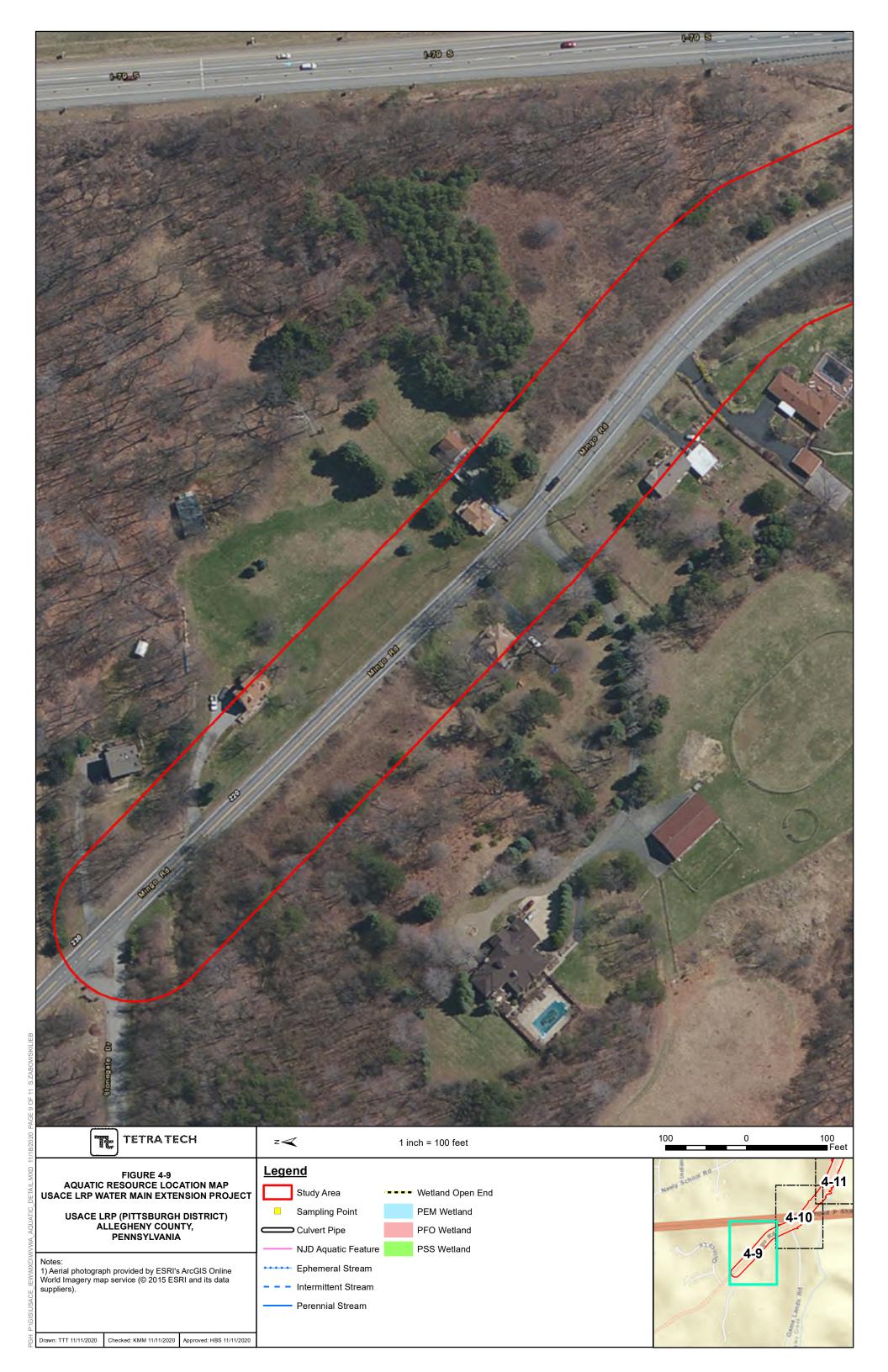


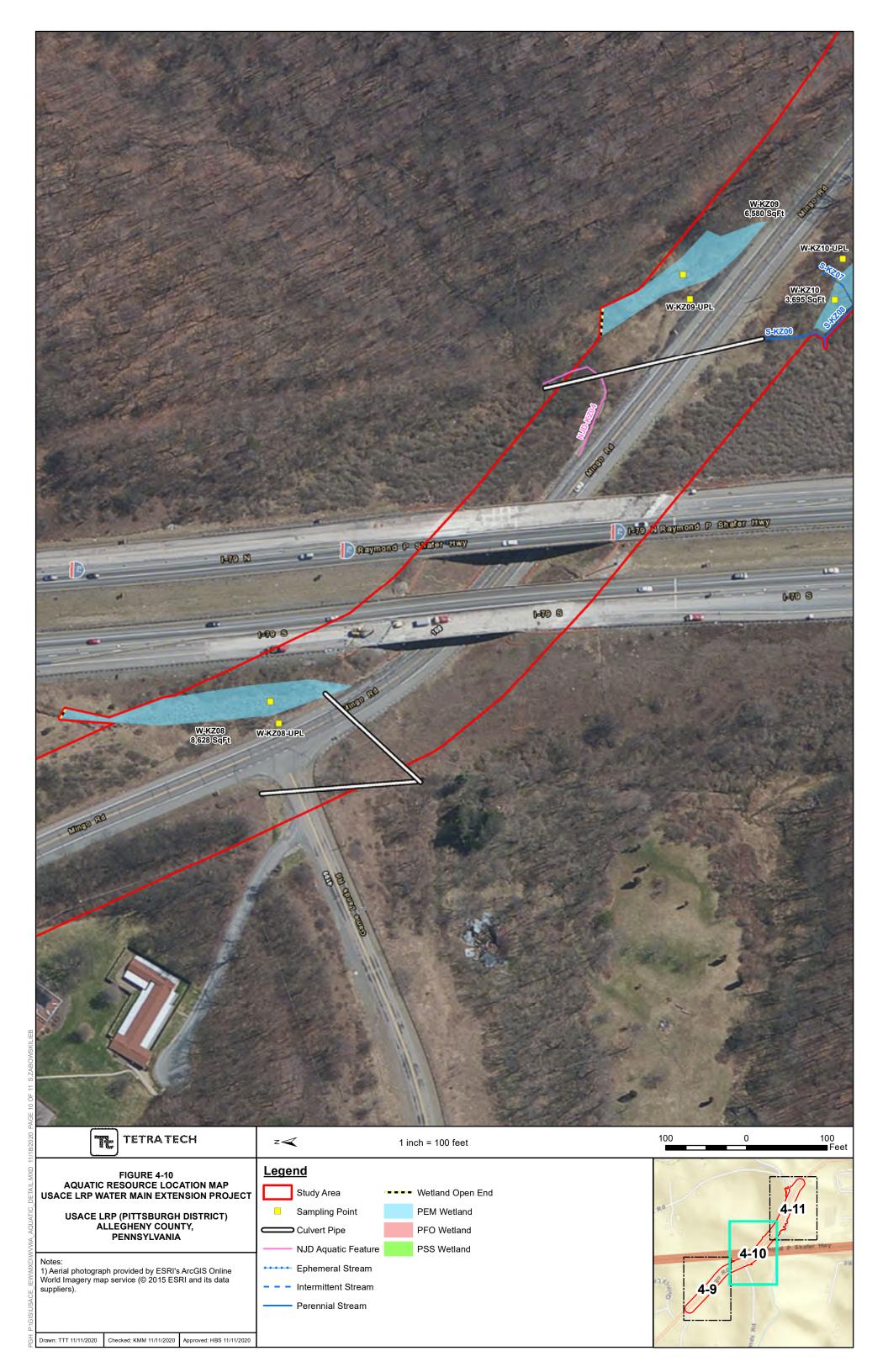


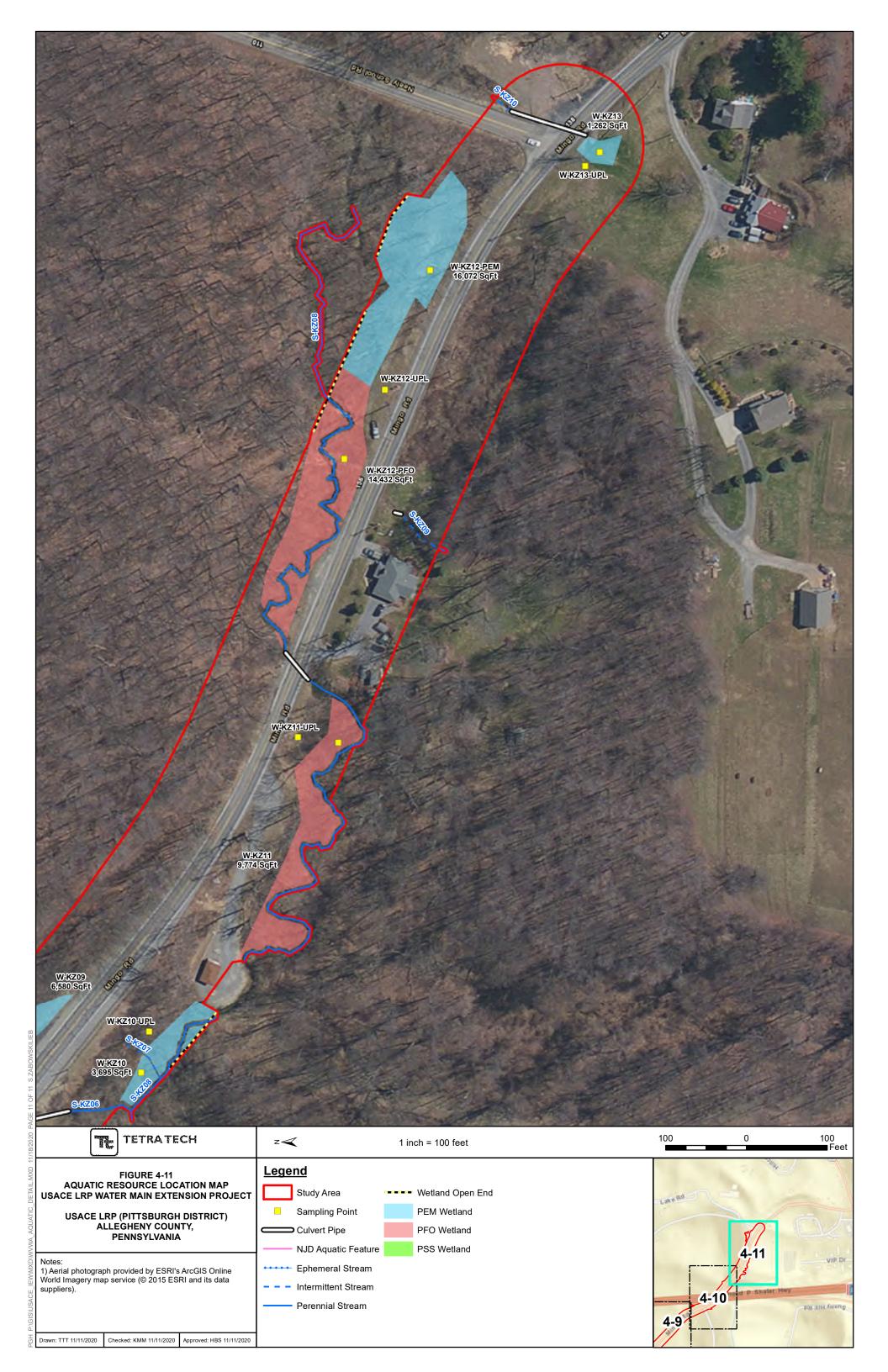












# **TABLES**

Table 1: Identified Streams

Table 2: Identified Wetlands

Table 3: Allegheny County Hydric Soils List

Table 1. **Identified Streams** 

Stream Number <sup>1</sup>	Stream Reach ID	PA Chapter 93 Stream Name <sup>2</sup>	County	Latitude <sup>3</sup>	Longitude <sup>3</sup>	Flow Regime	Water Type⁴	Cowardin Class <sup>5</sup>	Flow Direction	PA Stream Designated Use <sup>6</sup>	Top of Bank Width (feet)	Figure(s)
1	S-KZ01-DN	UNT to Brush Creek	Allegheny	40.653921	-80.093913	Perennial	RPW	R3UB1	N	WWF	5.50	4-1
Į.	S-KZ01-UP	UNT to Brush Creek	Allegheny	40.651472	-80.095425	Perennial	RPW	R3UB3	N	WWF	8.50	4-1, 4-2, 4-3
2	S-KZ02	UNT to Brush Creek	Allegheny	40.653018	-80.094622	Intermittent	RPW	R4SB3	Е	WWF	3.00	4-1
3	S-KZ03	UNT to Brush Creek	Allegheny	40.650881	-80.095334	Perennial	RPW	R3UB3	N	WWF	3.00	4-2, 4-3
4	S-KZ04	UNT to Brush Creek	Allegheny	40.652721	-80.092034	Ephemeral	NRPW	R6	W	WWF	3.00	4-2
5	S-KZ05	UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley Creek	Allegheny	40.637207	-80.106415	Ephemeral	NRPW	R6	SE	TSF	5.00	4-8
6	S-KZ06	UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley Creek	Allegheny	40.624039	-80.095600	Perennial	RPW	R3UB1	S	TSF	12.00	4-10, 4-11
7	S-KZ07	UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley Creek	Allegheny	40.623881	-80.095365	Intermittent	RPW	R4SB3	S	TSF	6.00	4-10, 4-11
8	S-KZ08	East Branch Big Sewickley Creek	Allegheny	40.623387	-80.093156	Perennial	RPW	R3UB1	WNW	TSF	8.00	4-10, 4-11
9	S-KZ09	UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley Creek	Allegheny	40.623023	-80.092983	Intermittent	RPW	R4SB3	NE	TSF	4.00	4-11
10	S-KZ10	UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley Creek	Allegheny	40.622768	-80.091064	Intermittent	RPW	R4SB2	N	TSF	6.50	4-11

#### Notes:

- Streams with braided channels, streams that have different flow regimes (e.g. ephemeral and intermittent) within the surveyed reach, and Chapter 93 named streams with different field stream reach identification names are counted as single streams.

   From PADEP (2018); see References. For identified streams without a PA Chapter 93 name, the identified stream was given the name, "Unnamed Tributary (UNT)", of the first named receiving waterbody.

   RPW = Relatively Permanent Waters

   NRPW = Non-Relatively Permanent Waters

   TNW = Traditional Navigable Waters

   From Cowardin et al. 1979; see References.

   Stream Designated Use Under Chapter 93 of Title 25 of the PA Code.

  Admitted Life

#### Aquatic Life

- CWF = Cold Water Fishes MF = Migratory Fishes TSF = Trout Stocking

#### - WWF = Warm Water Fishes Special Protection

- EV = Exceptional Value Waters
- HQ = High Quality Waters

Table 2. Identified Wetlands

Wetland Number <sup>1</sup>	Wetland ID	Latitude <sup>2</sup>	Longitude <sup>2</sup>	Cowardin Class <sup>3</sup>	HGM⁴	Water Type <sup>5</sup>	Associated Waterbodies	Size (square feet) <sup>6</sup>	Open/Closed Boundary	Figure(s)
	W-KZ01-PEM	40.653888	-80.093911	PEM	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ01-DN	2,464	Closed	4-1
1	W-KZ01-PFO	40.653543	-80.094071	PFO	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ01-DN, S-KZ01-UP, S-KZ02	9,686	Closed	4-1, 4-2
	W-KZ01-PSS	40.654176	-80.093804	PSS	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ01-DN	4,650	Open	4-1
2	W-KZ02-PEM	40.651213	-80.095160	PEM	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ01-UP, S-KZ03	23,346	Closed	4-2, 4-3
2	W-KZ02-PSS	40.651120	-80.095054	PSS	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ03	7,909	Closed	4-2, 4-3
3	W-KZ03	40.651365	-80.095601	PEM	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ01-UP	436	Closed	4-2
4	W-KZ04	40.650113	-80.096697	PSS	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ01-UP	22,937	Open	4-3
5	W-KZ05	40.649183	-80.095489	PEM	Depressional	ISOLATE	N/A	1,074	Closed	4-3, 4-4
6	W-KZ06	40.652454	-80.092304	PSS	Slope	NRPWW	S-KZ04	5,858	Open	4-2
7	W-KZ07	40.637756	-80.106574	PEM	Slope	NRPWW	S-KZ05	2,068	Closed	4-8
8	W-KZ08	40.625789	-80.097288	PEM	Depressional	NRPWW	UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley Creek	8,628	Open	4-10
9	W-KZ09	40.624426	-80.095334	PEM	Slope	RPWWD	S-KZ06	6,580	Open	4-10, 4-11
10	W-KZ10	40.623907	-80.095428	PEM	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ06, S-KZ07, S-KZ08	3,695	Open	4-10, 4-11
11	W-KZ11	40.623267	-80.093932	PFO	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ08	9,774	Open	4-11
12	W-KZ12-PFO	40.623272	-80.092666	PFO	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ08	14,432	Open	4-11
12	W-KZ12-PEM	40.622998	-80.091815	PEM	Riverine	RPWWD	S-KZ08	16,072	Open	4-11
13	W-KZ13	40.622432	-80.091266	PEM	Riverine	RPWWN	S-KZ10	1,262	Closed	4-11

## Notes:

- 1 Wetlands with multiple contiguous Cowardin types (e.g. PEM and PSS) are considered a single wetland system and are counted as one wetland.
- 2 In decimal degrees. Coordinates show wetland test pit locations.
- 3 PEM = Palustrine Emergent
- PFO = Palustrine Forested
- PSS = Palustrine Scrub-Shrub
- PUB = Palustrine Unconsolidated Bottom
- 4 HGM = Hydrogeomorphic
- 5 RPWWD = Wetlands directly abutting Relatively Permanent Waters (RPWs) that flow directly or indirectly into Traditional Navigable Waterways (TNWs)
- RPWWN = Wetlands adjacent but not directly abutting RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- NRPWW = Wetlands adjacent to non-RPWs that flow directly or indirectly into TNWs
- Isolate = Isolated (interstate or intrastate) waters, including isolated wetlands
- 6 Size of wetlands with open boundaries may be larger than shown in this table. Wetland size shown is the size of the wetland delineated and illustrated on Aquatic Resource Location Map.

Table 3.
Allegheny County Hydric Soils List
Allegheny County, Pennsylvania

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Component Name and Phase	Component Percent	Landforms
At	Atkins silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	Atkins	85	flood plains
BrB	Brinkerton silt loam, 2 to 8 percent slopes	Brinkerton	80	draws, hills
BrC	Brinkerton silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Brinkerton	80	null
BrC	Brinkerton silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Atkins	2	flood plains
СаВ	Cavode silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Brinkerton	5	ridges
CaC	Cavode silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Brinkerton	5	hillslopes
СеВ	Caneadea silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Canadice	1	flats, lakebeds (relict)
СеВ	Caneadea silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Mill	1	end moraines, ground moraines
CkB	Clarksburg silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Melvin	2	flood plains
CkC	Clarksburg silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Melvin	2	flood plains
CoD	Cookport loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Andover	5	mountain slopes
DoD	Dormont silt loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Fluvaquents	5	flood plains
Du	Dumps, coal wastes	Aquents, very stony	1	depressions, hills
Dw	Dumps, industrial wastes	Wet spots	5	draws
ErB	Ernest silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Brinkerton	5	hillslopes
ErC	Ernest silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Brinkerton	5	hillslopes
EvB	Ernest-Vandergrift silt loams, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Brinkerton	10	hillslopes
EvB	Ernest-Vandergrift silt loams, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Atkins	3	flood plains
EvC	Ernest-Vandergrift silt loams, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Brinkerton	5	hillslopes
EvC	Ernest-Vandergrift silt loams, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Atkins	3	flood plains
EvD	Ernest-Vandergrift silt loams, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Atkins	3	flood plains
EvD	Ernest-Vandergrift silt loams, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Brinkerton	2	hillslopes
GvB	Guernsey-Vandergrift silt loams, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Brinkerton	5	hills
GvC	Guernsey-Vandergrift silt loams, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Brinkerton	5	hills
GvD	Guernsey-Vandergrift silt loams, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Brinkerton	1	hills
Gx	Gullied land	Brinkerton	10	draws
Hu	Huntington silt loam	Melvin	10	flood plains
Ln	Lindside silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	Melvin, occasionally flooded	5	flood plains
Ne	Newark silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, frequently flooded	Melvin, frequently flooded	5	flood plains
Ph	Philo silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes, occasionally flooded	Atkins	5	flood plains
RaA	Rainsboro silt loam, 0 to 3 percent slopes	Ginat	5	terraces
RaB	Rainsboro silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Ginat	5	terraces
UGB	Urban land-Guernsey complex, gently sloping	Thorndale	5	draws
URB	Urban land-Rainsboro complex, gently sloping	Ginat	5	terraces
UWB	Urban land-Wharton complex, gently sloping	Armagh	1	depressions, hills
VcB	Vandergrift-Cavode silt loams, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Brinkerton	2	hillslopes
VcC	Vandergrift-Cavode silt loams, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Brinkerton	5	null
VcD	Vandergrift-Cavode silt loams, 15 to 25 percent slopes	Brinkerton	2	null
WhB	Wharton silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	Brinkerton	5	depressions

Modified from Hydric Soils of the United States (NRCS, 2017)



	STREAM ID S-KZ01-DN STREAM NAME UNT to Brush Creek									
STREAM ID		N	STREAM NA	AME UNT to	o Brush Creek					
CLIENT USA	ACE LRP				CE LRP Water Main Extension					
LAT 40.65392		ONG -80.09391	3 STATE Penr	nsylvania	COUNTY Allegheny					
INVESTIGATO	ors saz,	KMM			<b>DATE</b> 10/27/2020					
WATE <u>R T</u> YPE			FLOW REG							
TNW	RPW	NRPW	Perennial 🗸	Interm	ittent Ephemeral					
			•							
		Estimate Mea			Sinuosity Low Medium _	<u>✓</u> High				
		Top of Bank V	Vidth: <u>5.5</u> ft		Gradient ✓ Flat Moderate	Severe				
		Top of Bank F	leight:		(0.5/100 ft) (2 ft/100 ft) (1					
		LB <u>3.0</u> ff	RB <u>3.0</u>	ft	Stream Erosion					
		Water Depth:	_6.00 in		None Moderate Heavy					
CHANNEL FE	ATUDES	Water Width:_	3.5 ft		Artificial, Modified or Channelized					
CHANNEL FE	ATURES	Ordinary High	Water Mark (Width):	4.0 ft	<u>✓</u> Yes No					
		Ordinary High	Water Mark (Height)	): 9.0 in	Within Roadside Ditch					
		Flow Direction			Yes <u>✓</u> No					
				_	Culvert Present Yes 👱 No					
					Culvert Material:					
					Culvert Size:in					
		Water Preser	nt		Proportion of Reach Represented by	Stream				
		No water, s			Morphology Types (Only enter if water pr	resent)				
		Stream bed			Riffle 30 % Run 40 % Pool 30 %					
FLOW		Standing w			7001 00 70					
CHARACTER	ISTICS	1 10Willing Wa			Turbidity					
		Velocity			✓ Clear Slightly turbid	_ Turbid				
		Fast	Moderate		Other					
		<u>✓</u> Slow								
INOR		UBSTRATE CO ld add up to 100			ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (does not necessarily add up to 100%)					
Substrate Type	Dia	meter	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrat Type		position in ling Area				
Bedrock				Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse					
Boulder	> 25	56 mm (10")		2011110	plant materials (CPOM)					
Cobble		6 mm (2.5"-10")	30	Muck-Mu	black, very fine organic					
Gravel		mm (0.1"-2.5")	30		(FPOM)					
Sand		-2mm (gritty)	20							
Silt		04-0.06 mm	20	Marl	grey, shell fragments					
Clay	< 0.00	04 mm (slick)			El la la National					
		Predominant Forest	Surrounding Landu  — Commercia		Floodplain Width Wide > 30ft Moderate 15-30ft					
			ure Industrial	ai	<u>✓ Narrow &lt;15ft</u>					
		Agricultura		l						
WATERSHED FEATURES		<b>∠</b> ROW	Other:							
	Canopy Cover									
		Open	Partly shad	led						
		Shaded								
MAC	ROINVER	TEBRATES/OT	HER WILDLIFE OBS	SERVED OR	OTHER NOTES AND OBSERVATIONS					
		is reach of S-KZ								

### Stream ID <u>S-KZ01-D</u>N Date <u>10/27/202</u>0



Photograph Number <u>1</u>
Photograph Direction <u>South</u>

Comments:



Photograph Number 2
Photograph Direction North

Comments:



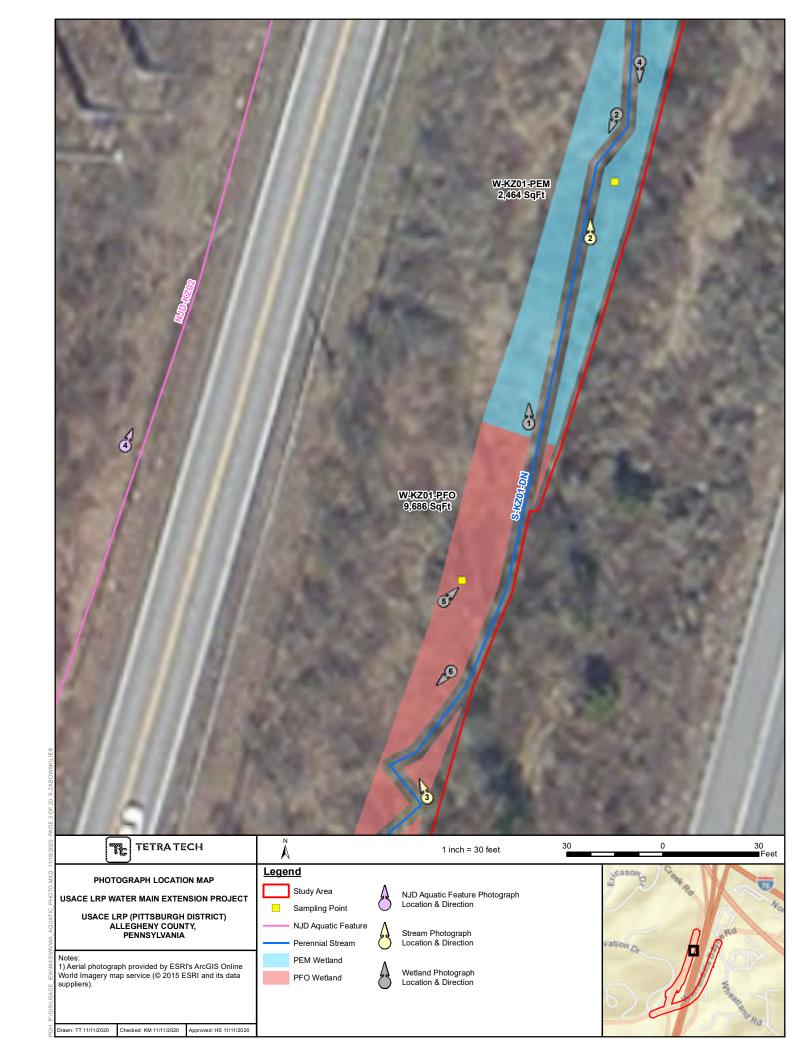
Photograph Number 3
Photograph Direction NNW

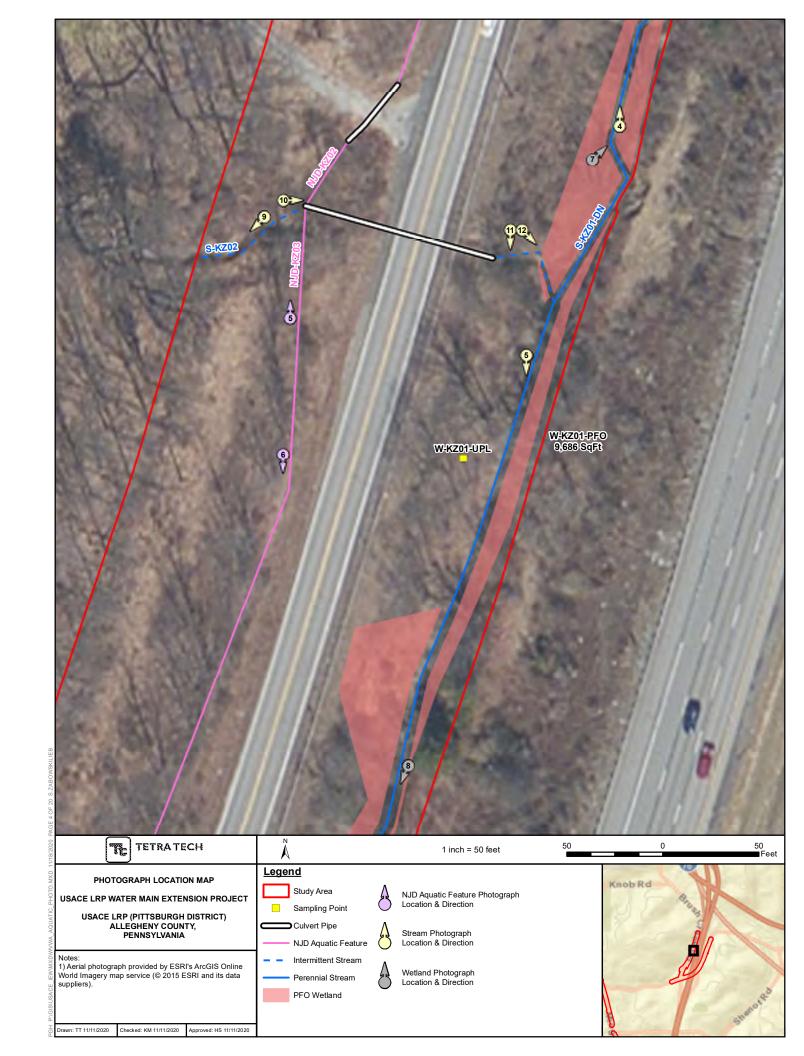
Comments:



Photograph Number 4
Photograph Direction North







					5 10 1				
STREAM ID		<b>.</b>	STREAM NA	VIAI C	o Brush Creek				
CLIENT USA					CE LRP Water Main Extension				
LAT 40.6514		ONG -80.09542	5 STATE Penr	nsylvania	COUNTY Allegheny				
INVESTIGATO	ors KSA	Z, KMM	<u> </u>		<b>DATE</b> 10/27/2020				
TNW	RPW	NRPW	FLOW REG Perennial	-	ittent Ephemeral				
		T =		1		<del></del>			
CHANNEL FE	ATURES	Top of Bank H LB 3.0 ft Water Depth: Water Width: Ordinary High	Vidth: <u>8.5</u> ft leight:  RB <u>3.0</u> 10.00 in  7.0 ft  Water Mark (Width):  Water Mark (Height)	8.0 ft	Sinuosity Low _ ✓ Medium High  Gradient _ Flat Moderate Severe (0.5/100 ft) (2 ft/100 ft) (10 ft/100 ft)  Stream Erosion None _ Moderate Heavy  Artificial, Modified or Channelized _ Yes No  Within Roadside Ditch Yes No  Culvert Present _ Yes No  Culvert Material: Concrete				
					Culvert Size: 36in				
FLOW CHARACTER	ISTICS	Water Preser  No water, s Stream bec Standing w  Flowing wa  Velocity Fast Slow	tream bed dry I moist vater ter		Proportion of Reach Represe Morphology Types (Only enter Riffle 30 % Run 40 Pool 30 %  Turbidity  Clear Slightly turi Other	if water present) %			
INOR		UBSTRATE COI			ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMP				
	(shou	ld add up to 100	•		(does not necessarily add up to 100%)				
Substrate Type	Dia	meter	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrat Type	Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area			
Bedrock				Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse				
Boulder		56 mm (10")		20	plant materials (CPOM)	15			
Cobble		6 mm (2.5"-10")	10	Muck-Muc	black, very fine organic				
Gravel		mm (0.1"-2.5")	25		(FPOM)				
Sand		-2mm (gritty)	20						
Silt		04-0.06 mm	45	Marl	grey, shell fragments				
Clay WATERSHED FEATURES		Forest	Other: Wetl	al land	Floodplain Width  Wide > 30ft   Moderate  Narrow <15ft	e 15-30ft			
MAC	ROINVER	TEBRATES/OT	HER WILDLIFE OBS	SERVED OR	OTHER NOTES AND OBSERV	/ATIONS			
Small fish obse	Small fish observed in this reach of S-KZ01.								

### Stream ID <u>S-KZ01-U</u>P Date <u>10/27/202</u>0



Photograph Number <u>5</u>
Photograph Direction South

Comments:



Photograph Number  $\underline{\phantom{0}6}$ Photograph Direction  $\underline{\phantom{0}WSW}$ 

Comments: Culvert under Brush Creek Road.



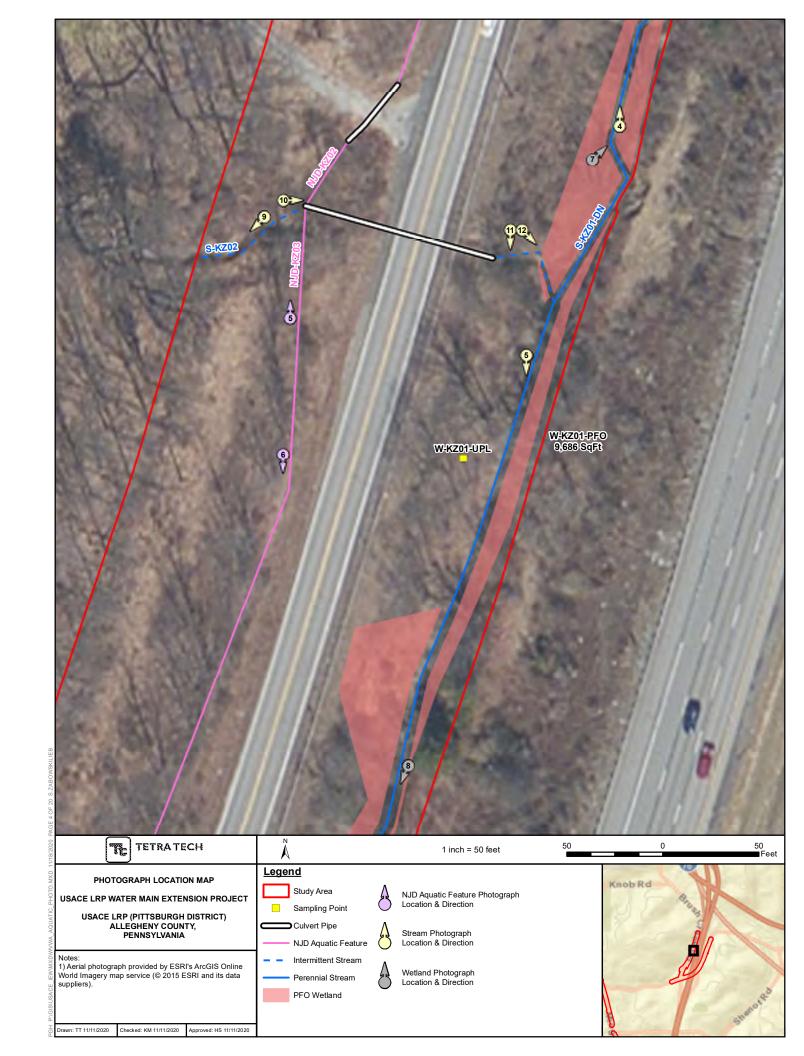
Photograph Number 7
Photograph Direction SW

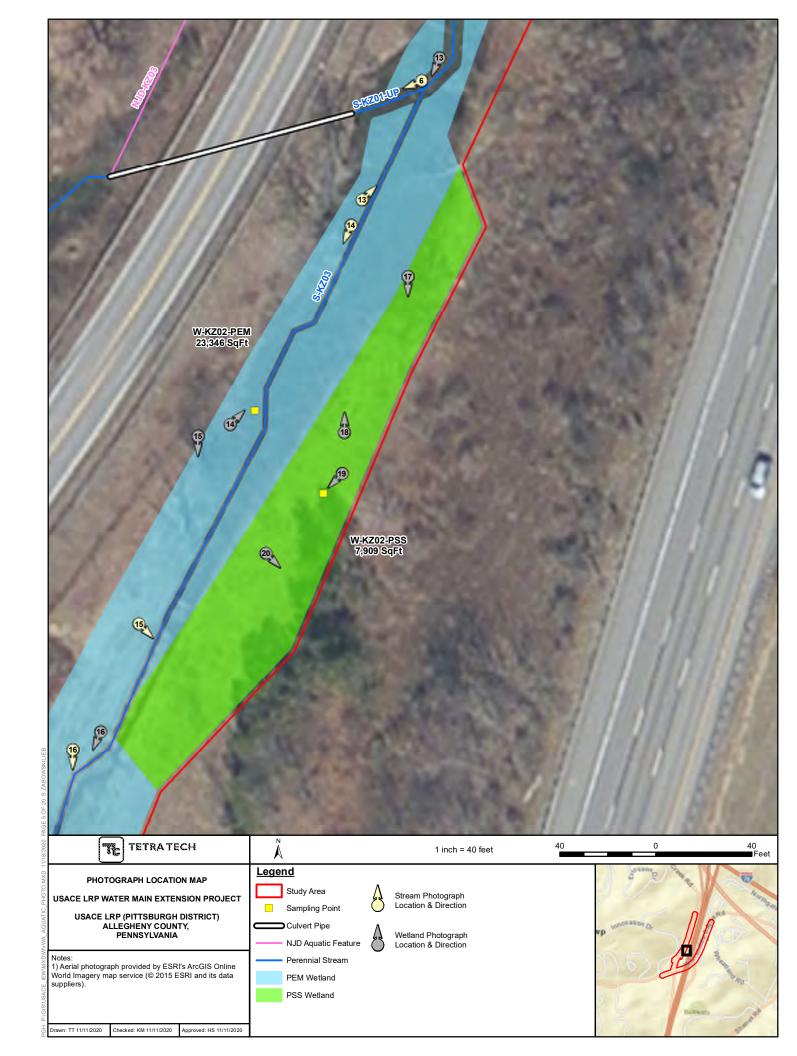
Comments:

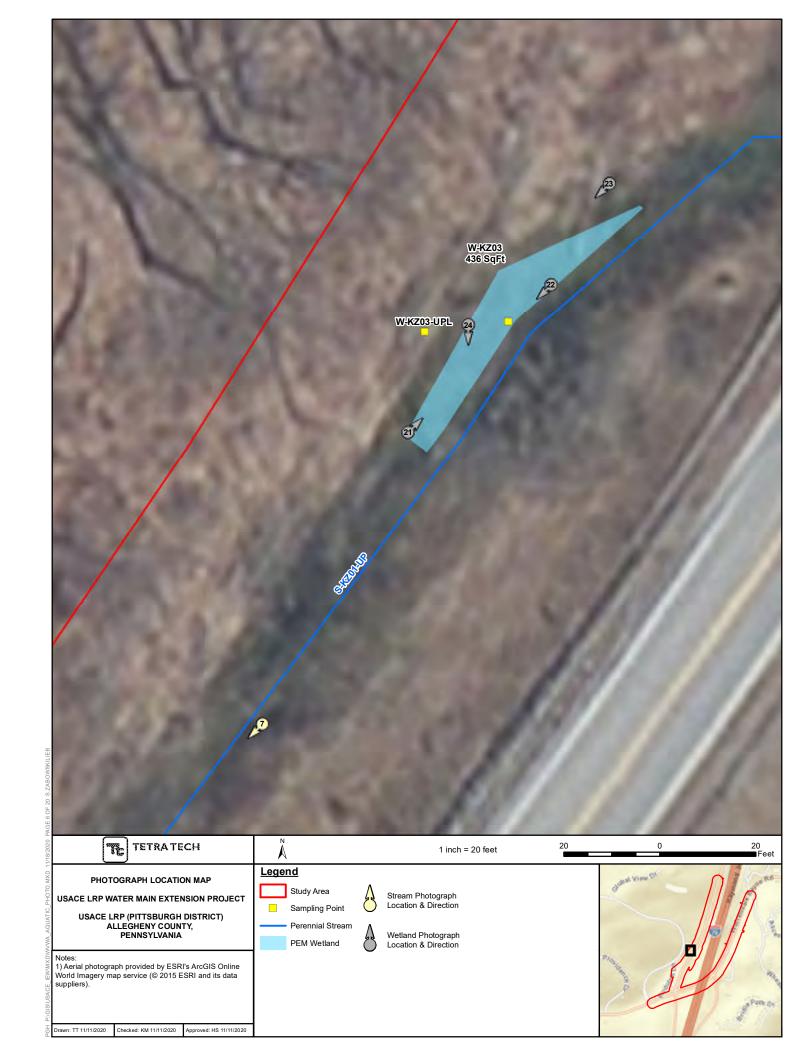


Photograph Number 8

Photograph Direction NE









	O 1/700									
STREAM ID				EAM NA	\1 <b>V</b> 1 L		ush Creek			
CLIENT USA	ACE LRP					CE L	RP Water Main Extension			
LAT 40.6530		ONG -80.09462	22 STA	TE Penr	nsylvania		COUNTY Allegheny			
INVESTIGATO	ors <sup>SAZ,</sup>	KMM	•				<b>DATE</b> 10/27/2020			
TNW	RPW	NRPW		NW REG	IME Interm	nitten	t Fphemeral			
		Estimate Mea	surements			Si	nuosity 🗸 Low N	Medium High		
CHANNEL FE	ATURES	Vidth: <u>3.0</u> Height: t RB	RB <u>1.0</u> ft  O in  in the ser Mark (Width): <u>2.0</u> ft  ther Mark (Height): <u>6.0</u> in			Gradient Flat Moderate Severe (0.5/100 ft) (2 ft/100 ft) (10 ft/100 ft)  Stream Erosion None Moderate Heavy  Artificial, Modified or Channelized Yes No  Within Roadside Ditch Yes No  Culvert Present Yes No  Culvert Material: Concrete Culvert Size: 36 in				
Water Present  No water, stream bed dry  Stream bed moist  Standing water  Flowing water  Velocity  Fast										
INOR		UBSTRATE CO ld add up to 100	-			_	GANIC SUBSTRATE COM			
Substrate Type	Dia	meter	% Compo		Substra Type		Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area		
Bedrock					Detritus		sticks, wood, coarse			
Boulder		56 mm (10")			Detilitus		plant materials (CPOM)	30		
Cobble	64-256	mm (2.5"-10")	30		Muck-Mu	ıd	black, very fine organic			
Gravel		mm (0.1"-2.5")	40				(FPOM)			
Sand		-2mm (gritty)	15							
Silt Clay		04-0.06 mm 04 mm (slick)	15		Marl		grey, shell fragments			
Predominant Surrounding Landuse						Lute 15-30ft				
MAC	ROINVER	TEBRATES/OT	HER WII DI I	IFE OBS	ERVED OF	R OT	HER NOTES AND OBSER	VATIONS		
	Small fish were observed in this reach of S-KZ02.									

### Stream ID <u>S-KZ02</u> Date <u>10/27/202</u>0



Photograph Number 9
Photograph Direction SW

Comments:



Photograph Number 10
Photograph Direction East

Comments:

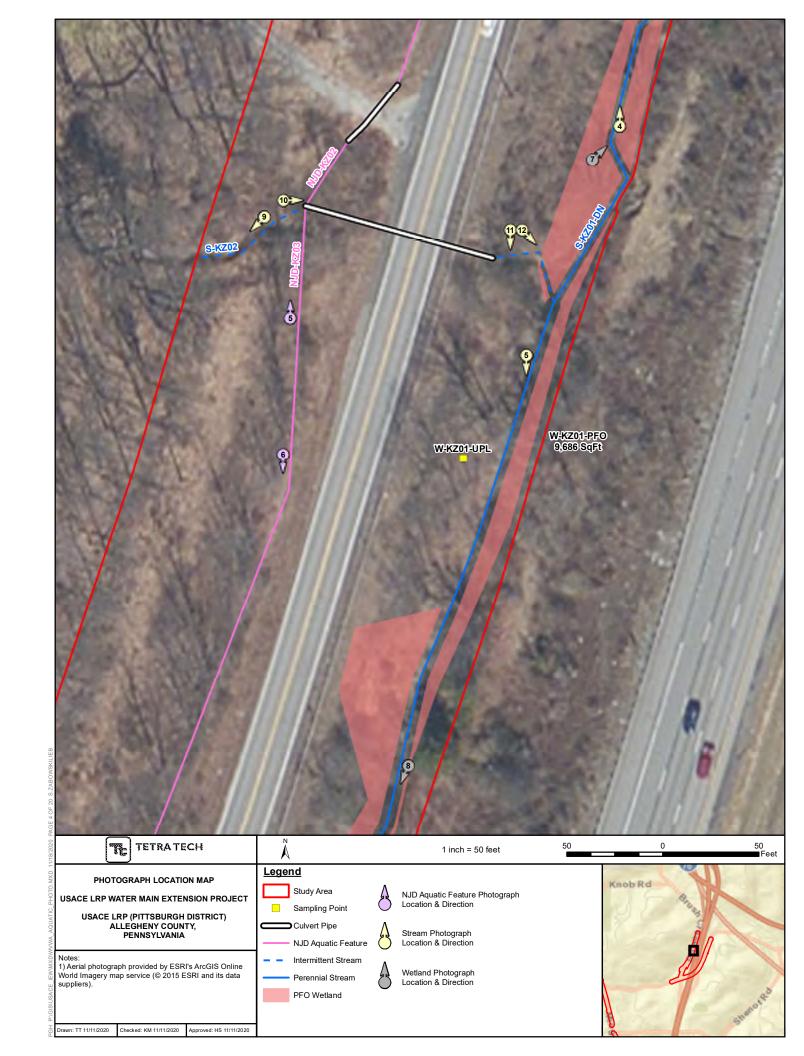


Photograph Number \_\_\_11 \_\_\_ Photograph Direction South\_

Comments:



Photograph Number 12
Photograph Direction SE



STREAM ID	S-KZ03		STREAM NA	ME UNT to	o Brus	sh Creek		
CLIENT USA			PPO IECT N	AME USAC	ELR	P Water Main Extension		
LAT 40.65088		ONG -80.09533	STATE Pen			COUNTY Allegheny		
INVESTIGATO			JOINIL	.,		DATE 10/27/2020		
WATER TYPE			FLOW REG	IMF		DATE TOTAL TOTAL		
TNW	RPW	NRPW	Perennial		ttent	Ephemeral		
CHANNEL FE	ATURES	Top of Bank H LB <u>2.0</u> ft Water Depth: Water Width: Ordinary High	Vidth:3.0 ft leight:	: <u>2.0</u> ft	Stree Arti	Sinuosity Low Medium High  Gradient Flat Severe (2 ft/100 ft) Gradient Flat (0.5/100 ft) Stream Erosion Heavy  Artificial, Modified or Channelized No Within Roadside Ditch Yes No  Culvert Present Yes No  Culvert Material:  Culvert Size: in		
Water Present  No water, stream bed dry Stream bed moist Standing water  Flowing water  Velocity Fast Moderate  Vision  Water Present No water, stream bed dry Stream bed moist Standing water  Flowing water  Velocity Fast Moderate  Vision  Proportion of Reach Represented by Stream Morphology Types (Only enter if water present) Riffle % Run 100 % Pool %  Turbidity Clear Slightly turbid Turbid Other								
INOR		UBSTRATE COI			_	ANIC SUBSTRATE COM		
Substrate Type	Dia	meter	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrat Type	e	Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area	
Bedrock				Detritus		sticks, wood, coarse		
Boulder	> 2	56 mm (10")		Detritus		plant materials (CPOM)		
Cobble	64-256	6 mm (2.5"-10")		Muck-Mu	4	black, very fine organic		
Gravel		mm (0.1"-2.5")	10			(FPOM)		
Sand		-2mm (gritty)	10					
Silt Clay		04-0.06 mm 04 mm (slick)	50 30	Marl		grey, shell fragments		
Predominant Surrounding Landuse  — Forest — Commercial  ✓ Field/Pasture — Industrial  — Agricultural — Residential  — ROW — Other:  Canopy Cover  ✓ Open — Partly shaded  — Shaded  Floodplain Width  — Wide > 30ft — Moderate 15-30ft  ✓ Narrow <15ft  Floodplain Width  — Wide > 30ft — Moderate 15-30ft  ✓ Narrow <15ft						te 15-30ft		
MAC	ROINVED	TERRATES/OT	HEB MII DI IEE OBG	SERVED OF	ОТЦ	FR NOTES AND ORSED	VATIONS	
MACROINVERTEBRATES/OTHER WILDLIFE OBSERVED OR OTHER NOTES AND OBSERVATIONS  Note - Large portions of S-KZ03 are comprised of concrete-lined banks within a wetland complex.								

### Stream ID <u>S-KZ03</u> Date <u>10/27/202</u>0



Photograph Number 13
Photograph Direction NE

Comments:



Photograph Number 14
Photograph Direction SSW

Comments:



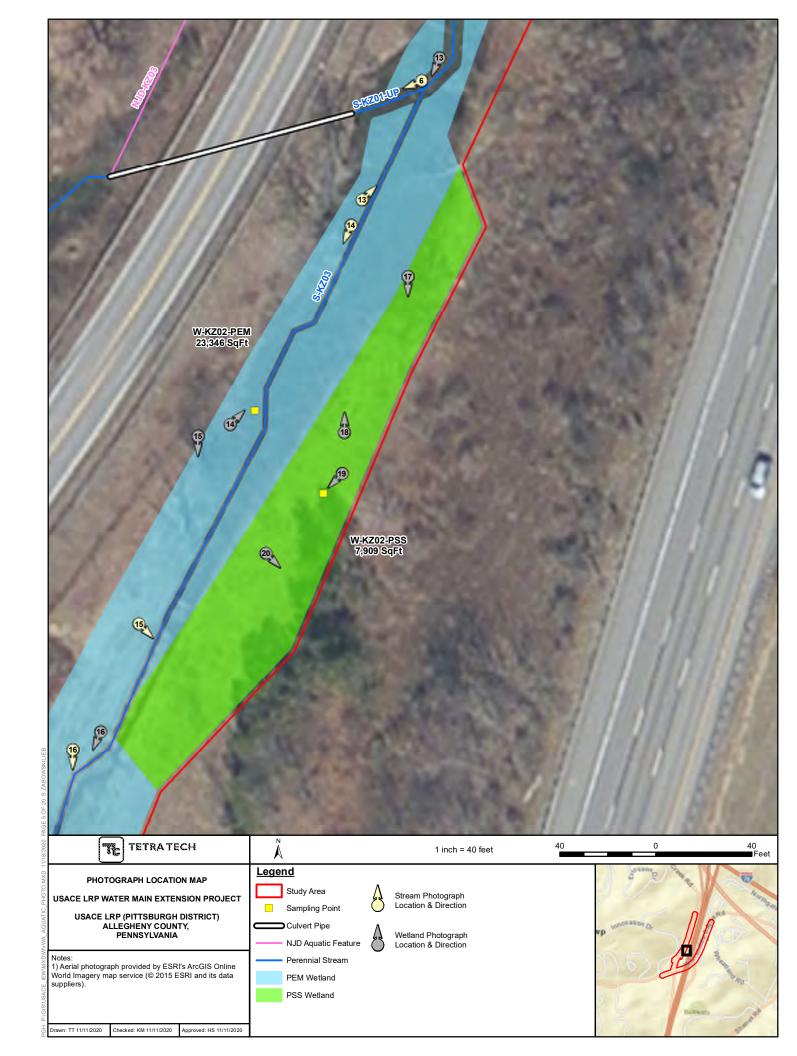
Photograph Number 15
Photograph Direction SE

Comments:



Photograph Number 16

Photograph Direction South



							-	
STREAM ID			STREAM NA	ME UNT t	o Brus	sh Creek		
CLIENT USA	CE LRP		PROJECT N	110 4 4		P Water Main Extension		
LAT 40.65272		ONG -80.09203	4 STATE Penr	sylvania		COUNTY Allegheny		
INVESTIGATO						<b>DATE</b> 10/28/2020		
WATE <u>R T</u> YPE	_		FLOW REG			<u> </u>		
TNW	RPW	NRPW	Perennial	Interm	ittent	Ephemeral 🗸		
		Estimate Mea			Sin	uosity 🗸 Low l	Medium High	
CHANNEL FE	ATURES	Top of Bank H LB1.0ft Water Depth: Water Width:_ Ordinary High	RB 1.0  2.00 in  1.5 ft  Water Mark (Width):  Water Mark (Height)	3.0 ft	Stree Arti	Gradient Flat Moderate Severe (0.5/100 ft) (10 ft/100 ft) Severe (2 ft/100 ft) Flat None Moderate Heavy Artificial, Modified or Channelized Yes No		
					Cul	vert Material: Concrete		
						vert Size: 18_in		
FLOW CHARACTER	STICS	Water Presen  No water, s: Stream bed Standing w  Flowing wat  Velocity Fast Slow	tream bed dry moist ater ter		Pro Mor Riffle Poo	Proportion of Reach Represented by Stream Morphology Types (Only enter if water present) Riffle 60 % Run 20 % Pool 20 %  Turbidity Clear Slightly turbid Turbid Other		
INOR		UBSTRATE COM				ANIC SUBSTRATE COMES not necessarily add u		
Substrate Type	Dia	meter	% Composition in Sampling Reach			Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area	
Bedrock				Detritus		sticks, wood, coarse		
Boulder		56 mm (10")		Dountao	plant materials (CPOM)		40	
Cobble	64-256	mm (2.5"-10")	15	Muck-Mu	Н	black, very fine organic		
Gravel		mm (0.1"-2.5")	40			(FPOM)		
Sand		-2mm (gritty)						
Silt		4-0.06 mm	25	Marl		grey, shell fragments		
Clay	< 0.00	04 mm (slick)	20					
WATERSHED FEATURES		✓ Forest	Other:	ıl		odplain Width Wide > 30ft Modera Narrow <15ft	ate 15-30ft	
MAC	POINVED	TEDD ATES/OT	HED WILDLIEE ODS	EBVED OF	OTL	IED NOTES AND ODSE	OVATIONS	
					UIH	IER NOTES AND OBSER	CNUITAVA	
oadarda wate	Measured water present in channel due to recent overnight heavy rain.							

### Stream ID <u>S-KZ04</u> Date <u>10/28/202</u>0



Photograph Number 17
Photograph Direction East

Comments:



Photograph Number <u>18</u>
Photograph Direction <u>NW</u>

Comments:



Photograph Number 19
Photograph Direction NE

Comments:



Photograph Number 20
Photograph Direction ENE



STREAM ID	S-K705		CTDE AM NA	STREAM NAME UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley Creek					
CLIENT USA				11046		P Water Main Extension	TOOK		
LAT 40.6372		20 106/1	PROJECT N	AIVIL	JL LIVI				
		ONG -80.10641	5 STATE Penn	isyivania		COUNTY Allegheny			
INVESTIGATO		KIVIIVI				<b>DATE</b> 10/28/2020			
TNW	RPW	NRPW .	FLOW REG Perennial	IME Interm	ittent	Ephemeral v			
		Estimate Mea	surements		Sinu	osity 🗸 Low!	Medium High		
			Vidth: <u>5.0</u> ft			lient Flat    (0.5/100 ft)    (2 ft)	derate Severe		
			RB <u>3.0</u>	ft	Stre	am Erosion	(10 10 10 10		
		Water Depth:	0.00 in		_	None Moderate	Heavy		
CHANNEL FE	ATUDES	Water Width:_	0.0 ft			icial, Modified or Chanı	nelized		
CHANNEL FE	ATURES	Ordinary High	Water Mark (Width):	3.0 ft	<u>~</u>	Yes No			
			Water Mark (Height)		With	in Roadside Ditch			
			: Southeast			Yes No			
		Flow Direction	i. Oddinedsi	-	Culv	ert Present 🖍 Yes _	_ No		
					Culv	ert Material: Corrugated N	Metal		
						ert Size: 18in			
		Water Preser	nt			ortion of Reach Repres	cented by Stream		
		✓ No water, s				phology Types (Only enter			
		Stream bed			Riffle		%		
FLOW		Standing w			Pool	Pool %			
CHARACTER	ISTICS	Flowing wa	ter		Turb	idity			
		Velocity					urbid Turbid		
			Moderate		_	Other			
		Slow							
INOR		UBSTRATE COI ld add up to 100				ANIC SUBSTRATE COM s not necessarily add u			
Substrate Type	Dia	meter	% Composition in Sampling Reach			Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area		
Bedrock			10	0 Detritus		sticks, wood, coarse			
Boulder	> 25	56 mm (10")	20	Detilitus		plant materials (CPOM)	50		
Cobble	64-256	5 mm (2.5"-10")	20	Muck-Mu	black, very fine org				
Gravel		mm (0.1"-2.5")	20		_	(FPOM)			
Sand		-2mm (gritty)	10						
Silt		4-0.06 mm	10	Marl		grey, shell fragments			
Clay	< 0.00	04 mm (slick)	10						
		Predominant  ✓ Forest	Surrounding Landu  — Commercia			<b>dplain Width</b> Vide > 30ft Modera	te 15-30ft		
			ure Industrial	u		larrow <15ft			
		Agricultura							
WATERSHED FEATURES		ROW	Other:						
	Canopy Cover								
		— Open	Partly shade	ed					
		<u></u> Shaded	_ ,						
MAC	ROINVER	TERRATES/OT	HER WII DI IEE OBS	FRVFD OF	ОТН	ER NOTES AND OBSER	VATIONS		
		n stream channe		LICTLD OF		ER HOTES AND OBSEL	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
·	•								

### Stream ID <u>S-KZ05</u> Date <u>10/28/202</u>0



Photograph Number 21
Photograph Direction ESE

Comments:



Photograph Number 22
Photograph Direction SSE

Comments:



Photograph Number 23
Photograph Direction South

Comments:



Photograph Number 24

Photograph Direction SE

Comments: Substrate.



						1				
	TREAM ID S-KZ06 STREAM NAME UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley Creek									
CLIENT USA	ACE LRP				CE LRP Water Main Extension					
LAT 40.62403	39 L	ONG -80.09560	STATE Penn	nsylvania	<b>COUNTY</b> Allegheny					
INVESTIGATO	ors SAZ,	KMM			DATE 10/28/2020					
WATER TYPE			FLOW REG	IME						
TNW	RPW •	NRPW	Perennial 🗸	Interm	ittent Ephemeral					
		Estimate Mea	asurements Vidth: <u>12.0</u> ft		Sinuosity <u>~</u> Low N	Medium High				
		· ·			Gradient Flat Moderate ∠ Severe					
		Top of Bank F	•		(0.5/100 ft) (2 ft/	(100 ft) (10 ft/100 ft)				
			RB 4.0	it	Stream Erosion None <u>✓</u> Moderate	Hoove				
		Water Depth:	in			•				
CHANNEL FE	ATURES	Water Width:_	ft		Artificial, Modified or Chanr  ✓ Yes No					
		Ordinary High	Water Mark (Width):	_5.0 ft	<del>_</del>					
		Ordinary High	Water Mark (Height)	: <u>6.0</u> in	Within Roadside Ditch					
		Flow Direction	n: South	_	Yes No					
					Culvert Present _ Yes _					
					Culvert Material: Corrugated N	vietai 				
					Culvert Size: 36in					
		Water Preser			Proportion of Reach Repres					
		No water, s Stream bed			Morphology Types (Only enter Riffle 100 % Run	er if water present) %				
		Stream bed Standing w			Pool %	70				
FLOW CHARACTER	ETICE	✓ Flowing wa								
CHARACTER	131103	_			Turbidity					
		Velocity			✓ Clear Slightly to Other					
		Fast ✓ Slow	Moderate							
INOR	CANIC SI	UBSTRATE CO	MDONENTS		ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COM	IDONENTS				
		ld add up to 100	<b>)%)</b> 100		(does not necessarily add up	o to 100%)				
Substrate Type	Dia	meter	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrat Type	% Composition in Sampling Area					
Bedrock				Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse	_				
Boulder		56 mm (10")	40		plant materials (CPOM)	5				
Cobble	64-256	mm (2.5"-10")	30	Muck-Mu	black, very fine organic					
Gravel		nm (0.1"-2.5")	20		(FPOM)					
Sand		-2mm (gritty)	10							
Silt		4-0.06 mm		Marl	grey, shell fragments					
Clay	< 0.00	04 mm (slick)			F1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
		Predominant  ✓ Forest	Surrounding Landu  — Commercia		Floodplain Width Wide > 30ft Modera	te 15-30ft				
			ure Industrial	LI.	Narrow <15ft	10 0011				
		Agricultura								
WATERSHED FEATURES		<b>∠</b> ROW	Other:							
	S-m S									
		Canopy Cove	er <u>✓</u> Partly shade	ed						
		Shaded	r artiy shaa	ou						
	DOINU/ED	TEDD 4 TEO/OT	LIED WILDLIEF ODG	EDVED OF	OTHER MOTES AND ODGE	VATIONS				
IVIAC	ROINVER	IEBRATES/UT	HER WILDLIFE OBS	ERVED OR	OTHER NOTES AND OBSER	VATIONS				
Ī										

### Stream ID <u>S-KZ06</u> Date <u>10/28/202</u>0



Photograph Number <u>25</u>
Photograph Direction NW

Comments:



Photograph Number <u>26</u>
Photograph Direction West

Comments:



Photograph Number 27
Photograph Direction South

Comments:



Photograph Number 28
Photograph Direction North



			<u> </u>				1			
	REAM ID S-KZ07 STREAM NAME UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley Creek									
CLIENT USA	ACE LRP			AME USAC	CE LR	P Water Main Extension				
LAT 40.6238	<sup>31</sup> L	ONG -80.09536				COUNTY Allegheny				
INVESTIGATO	ors SAZ,	KMM				DATE 10/28/2020				
WATER TYPE			FLOW REG	IME		•				
TNW	RPW •	NRPW	Perennial	Interm	ittent	<b>∠</b> Ephemeral				
		Estimate Mea	surements Vidth: 6.0 ft		Sinu	Sinuosity 🔽 Low Medium High				
						Gradient Flat Moderate ∠ Severe				
		Top of Bank H	· ·			(0.5/100 ft) (2 ft/	(100 ft) (10 ft/100 ft)			
			RB <u>2.0</u>	rt		am Erosion _ None <u>✓</u> Moderate	Цооли			
		Water Depth:					· ·			
CHANNEL FE	ATURES	Water Width:_	ft			ficial, Modified or Chanr Yes No				
		Ordinary High	Water Mark (Width):	_2.0 ft						
		Ordinary High	Water Mark (Height)	: <u>3.0</u> in		nin Roadside Ditch				
		Flow Direction	: South	_		_ Yes <u>✓</u> No				
						vert Present 🛩 Yes _				
						ert Material: Corrugated N	Metal			
					Culv	ert Size: 8in				
		Water Presen				ortion of Reach Repres				
		No water, s Stream bed				<b>phology Types</b> (Only ente e 100 % Run	er if water present) %			
		Standing w			Pool		,~			
FLOW CHARACTER	ISTICS	Flowing wa								
						oidity Clear <u>✓</u> Slightly tu	ırbid Turbid			
		Velocity — Fast —	Moderate			Other				
		✓ Slow	Moderate		_					
INOR		UBSTRATE COI				ANIC SUBSTRATE COM				
Substrate	•	-	% Composition in	Substrat		<u> </u>	% Composition in			
Туре	Dia	meter	Sampling Reach	Туре		Characteristic	Sampling Area			
Bedrock				Dotrituo		sticks, wood, coarse				
Boulder	> 25	56 mm (10")		Detritus		plant materials (CPOM)	40			
Cobble	64-256	6 mm (2.5"-10")	25	Muck-Mu	7	black, very fine organic				
Gravel	2-64 r	mm (0.1"-2.5")	50	WIGGK-WIG	u	(FPOM)				
Sand	0.06	-2mm (gritty)								
Silt	0.00	4-0.06 mm	25	Marl		grey, shell fragments				
Clay	< 0.00	04 mm (slick)	25							
			Surrounding Landu			dplain Width				
		Forest	Commercia ure Industrial	ıl	_	Vide > 30ft Modera Varrow <15ft	ite 15-30ft			
		Agricultura				variow < 15it				
WATERSHED FEATURES		ROW	— Other:							
		Canopy Cove	er <u>✓</u> Partly shade	od						
		Shaded	Failiy Silau	eu						
MAC	ROINVER	TEBRATES/OTI	HER WILDLIFE OBS	ERVED OR	СОТН	ER NOTES AND OBSER	EVATIONS			
Ī										

### Stream ID <u>S-KZ07</u> Date <u>10/28/202</u>0



Photograph Number <u>29</u>
Photograph Direction North

Comments:



Photograph Number 30
Photograph Direction North

Comments:

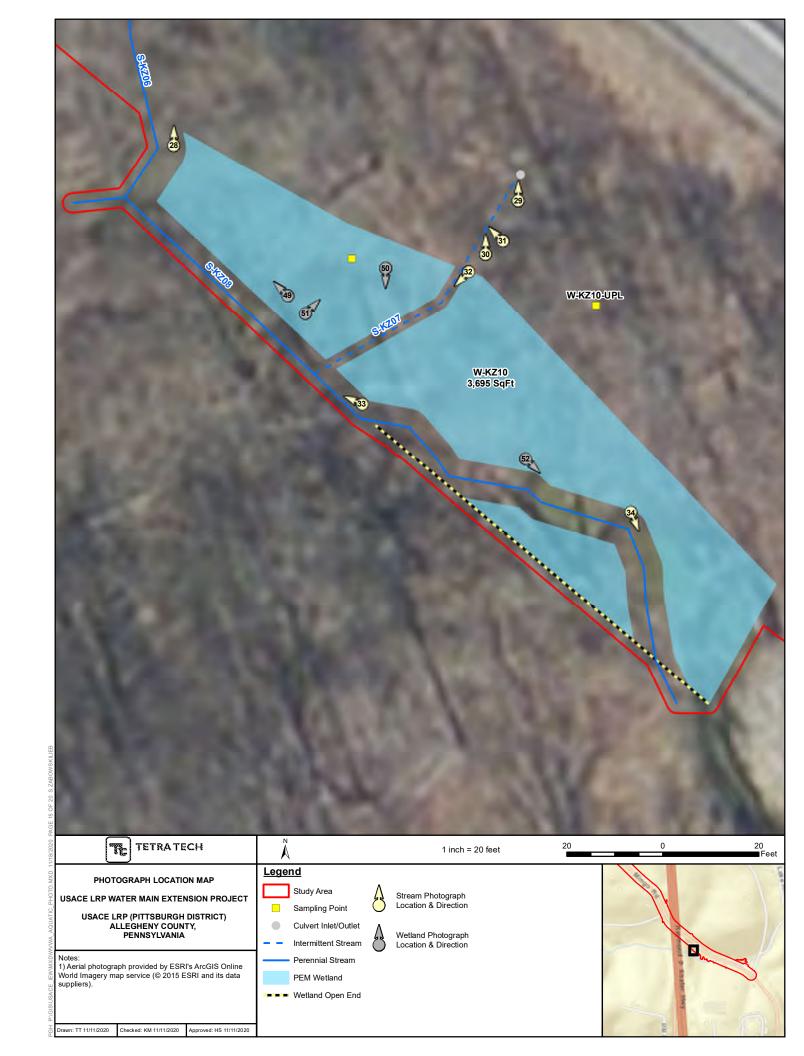


Photograph Number 31
Photograph Direction NW

Comments:



Photograph Number 32
Photograph Direction SW



			-					1	
STREAM ID				STREAM NA	ME East	Bran	nch Big Sewickley Creek		
CLIENT USA				PROJECT N	AME USA	CE I	LRP Water Main Extension		
LAT 40.6233	87 <u>L</u>	ONG -80.09315	56	STATE Penr	nsylvania		COUNTY Allegheny		
INVESTIGATO	ors <sup>SAZ,</sup>	KMM					<b>DATE</b> 10/28/2020		
WATER TYPE TNW	RPW	NRPW		FLOW REG Perennial		nitter	nt Ephemeral		
						-	inuosity Low I	14 P 4 LP L	
CHANNEL FE	ATURES	Water Depth: Water Width: Ordinary High	Width: Height: t 	nt: RB <u>4.0</u> ft 00 in			Within Roadside Ditch  Yes No Culvert Present Yes No Culvert Material: Corrugated Metal Culvert Size:36in		
## Water Present    No water, stream bed dry   Stream bed moist   Standing water							er if water present) %		
INOR		UBSTRATE CO Id add up to 100	_	-		_	GANIC SUBSTRATE COM		
Substrate Type	Dia	meter		omposition in npling Reach	Substra Type		Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area	
Bedrock					Detritus		sticks, wood, coarse		
Boulder	> 2	56 mm (10")	30		Demus		plant materials (CPOM)	20	
Cobble	64-256	6 mm (2.5"-10")	30		Muck-Mu	7	black, very fine organic		
Gravel	2-64 r	mm (0.1"-2.5")	30		WIGGK-WIG	iu	(FPOM)		
Sand	0.06	-2mm (gritty)							
Silt	0.00	04-0.06 mm	10		Marl		grey, shell fragments		
Clay	< 0.00	04 mm (slick)  Predominant					oodplain Width		
WATERSHED FEATURES  WATERSHED FEATURES  Wide > 30ft ✓ Moderate 15-3  — Field/Pasture — Industrial — Narrow <15ft  — Agricultural — Residential  — ROW — Other:  Canopy Cover — Open — Partly shaded ✓ Shaded						ate 15-30ft			
		I.							
MAC	ROIN\/EP	TERRATES/OT	HER W	II DI IFF OPS	ERVED O	פ חי	THER NOTES AND ORSE	RVATIONS	
	MACROINVERTEBRATES/OTHER WILDLIFE OBSERVED OR OTHER NOTES AND OBSERVATIONS								

### Stream ID <u>S-KZ08</u> Date <u>10/28/202</u>0



Photograph Number 33
Photograph Direction WNW

Comments:



Photograph Number 34
Photograph Direction SSE

Comments:

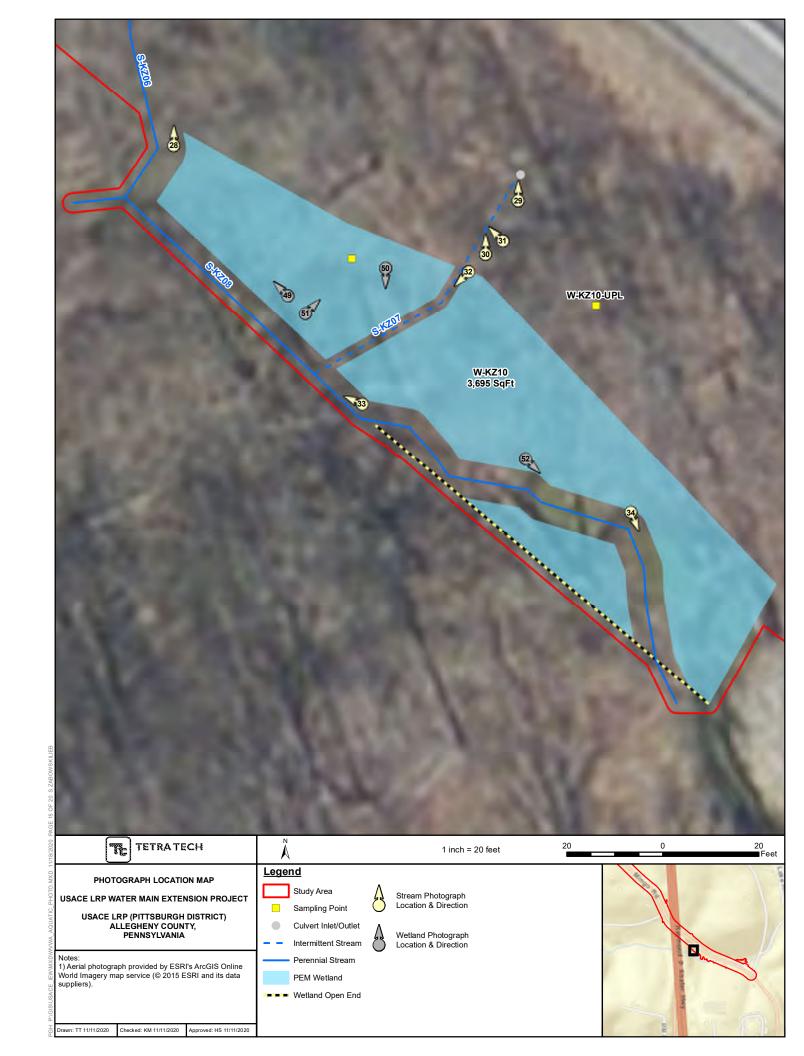


Photograph Number 35
Photograph Direction NE

Comments:



Photograph Number 36
Photograph Direction East







STREAM ID	STREAM NA	STREAM NAME UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley Creek						
CLIENT USA		PROJECT NAME USACE LRP Water Main Extension						
LAT 40.62302	3 STATE Penr	nsylvania		COUNTY Allegheny				
INVESTIGATO	ors SAZ,	KMM				<b>DATE</b> 10/28/2020		
WATER TYPE TNW	RPW 🔽	NRPW	FLOW REG Perennial	IME Interm	nittent	Ephemeral		
CHANNEL FEATURES  Water Depth: 2.00 Water Width: 1.0 Ordinary High Wate			Vidth:4.0 ft leight:	## Grade		Sinuosity Low Medium High  Gradient Flat Moderate Severe (2 ft/100 ft)  Stream Erosion Heavy  Artificial, Modified or Channelized Yes No  Within Roadside Ditch Yes No  Culvert Present Yes No  Culvert Material: Corrugated Plastic  Culvert Size: 6 in		
## Water Present			tream bed dry I moist rater ter	t		Proportion of Reach Represented by Stream Morphology Types (Only enter if water present) Riffle 60 % Run 20 % Pool 20 %  Turbidity Clear Slightly turbid Turbid Other		
INOR		JBSTRATE COI d add up to 100			ORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS (does not necessarily add up to 100%)			
Substrate Type	Dia	meter	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substrate Type		Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area	
Bedrock				Detritus		sticks, wood, coarse		
Boulder		56 mm (10")				plant materials (CPOM)		
Cobble		mm (2.5"-10")	20	Muck-Mu	ıd	black, very fine organic (FPOM)		
Gravel		nm (0.1"-2.5") -2mm (gritty)	40			(FFOIVI)		
Sand Silt		4-0.06 mm	40	Marl		grey, shell fragments		
Clay		4-0.00 mm 04 mm (slick)		IVIAII		grey, silen nagments		
WATERSHED FEATURES	Surrounding Landu  Commercia ure Industrial  Residential Other:  Partly shade	ıl	_	odplain Width Wide > 30ft Modera Narrow <15ft	te 15-30ft			
	ownhill tov	vard roadside wh				HER NOTES AND OBSER lastic pipe assumed to con		

### Stream ID <u>S-KZ09</u> Date <u>10/28/202</u>0



Photograph Number 37
Photograph Direction South

Comments:



Photograph Number <u>38</u>
Photograph Direction <u>SW</u>

Comments:



Photograph Number 39
Photograph Direction North

Comments:



Photograph Number 40
Photograph Direction SSW



STREAM ID	S-KZ010		STREAM NA	ME UNT	to East Branch Big Sewickley (	Creek		
CLIENT USACE LRP			PRO IFCT N	STREAM NAME UNT to East Branch Big Sewickley Creek PROJECT NAME USACE LRP Water Main Extension				
LAT 40.62276	68 14	ONG -80.09106		STATE Pennsylvania COUNTY Allegheny				
INVESTIGATO			JIMIE - JIII	,	DATE 10/28/2020			
WATER TYPE			FLOW REG	IME	DATE TO/E0/E0E0			
TNW RPW NRPW Perennial Intermittent Ephemeral								
		Estimate Mea	asurements		Sinuosity <u>~</u> Low	Medium High		
		Top of Bank V	Vidth: <u>6.5</u> ft		Gradient Flat Moderate ∠ Severe			
		Top of Bank H	leight:			ft/100 ft) (10 ft/100 ft)		
		LB 3.0 ft Water Depth:	RB 3.0	ft	Stream Erosion None Moderate	<u>✓</u> Heavy		
		Water Width:_			Artificial, Modified or Char	nnelized		
CHANNEL FE	ATURES		Water Mark (Width):	40 ft	<u>✓</u> Yes N			
		, ,	Water Mark (Height)		Within Roadside Ditch			
		Flow Direction		<del>7.0</del> _ III	Yes <u>~</u> N	0		
		Flow Direction	1. 140101	-	Culvert Present <a></a> Yes	No		
					Culvert Material: Corrugated			
					Culvert Size: 36 in			
		Water Preser	nt		Proportion of Reach Repre	esented by Stream		
			tream bed dry		Morphology Types (Only en	ter if water present)		
		Stream bed moist Standing water			Riffle 60 % Run 20 % Pool 20 %			
FLOW		✓ Flowing water			1 001 20 70			
CHARACTERI	151165				Turbidity	to only in Transfer		
		Velocity			✓ Clear Slightly Other	turbia i urbia		
		— Fast — ✓ Slow	Moderate					
INORGANIC SUBSTRATE COMPONENTS					ORGANIC SUBSTRATE CO	MPONENTS		
		d add up to 100			(does not necessarily add up to 100%)			
Substrate Type	Dia	meter	% Composition in Sampling Reach	Substra Type	Characteristic	% Composition in Sampling Area		
Bedrock				Detritus	sticks, wood, coarse			
Boulder		56 mm (10")	55		plant materials (CPOM)	5		
Cobble		5 mm (2.5"-10")	10	Muck-Mu	black, very fine organic			
Gravel		nm (0.1"-2.5")	20		(FPOM)			
Sand Silt		-2mm (gritty) 04-0.06 mm	10 5	Marl	grey, shell fragments			
Clay		)4 mm (slick)	5	iviaii	grey, snell fragments			
Olay	₹ 0.00	` ,	Surrounding Landu	ıse	Floodplain Width	1		
		Forest	Commercia		Wide > 30ft Mode	rate 15-30ft		
	Field/Pasture _				✓ Narrow <15ft			
WATERSHED		Agricultura	al <u>✓</u> Residential — Other:					
FEATURES — ROW —			Other:					
		Canopy Cove						
✓ Open _ Shaded			Partly shade	ed				
		Snaded						
					R OTHER NOTES AND OBSE ceives input from both stormwa			
W-KZ10 source	ai oullet 0 98.	ouiveit off the f	TOTAL SIDE OF WILLIAM K	oau, but 180	οσίνου πιραί ποιπ σοιπ διοιπίνα	itor and groundwater		

### Stream ID <u>S-KZ010</u> Date <u>10/28/202</u>0



Photograph Number <u>41</u>
Photograph Direction North

Comments:



Photograph Number <u>42</u>
Photograph Direction <u>SE</u>

Comments:

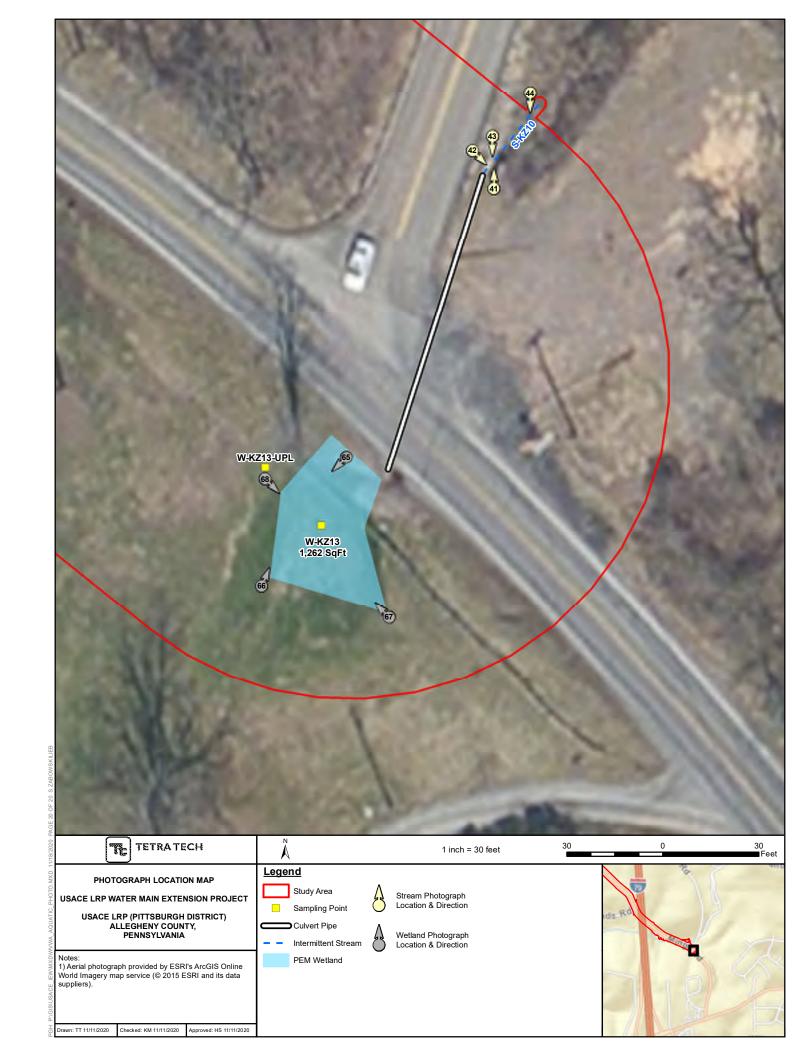


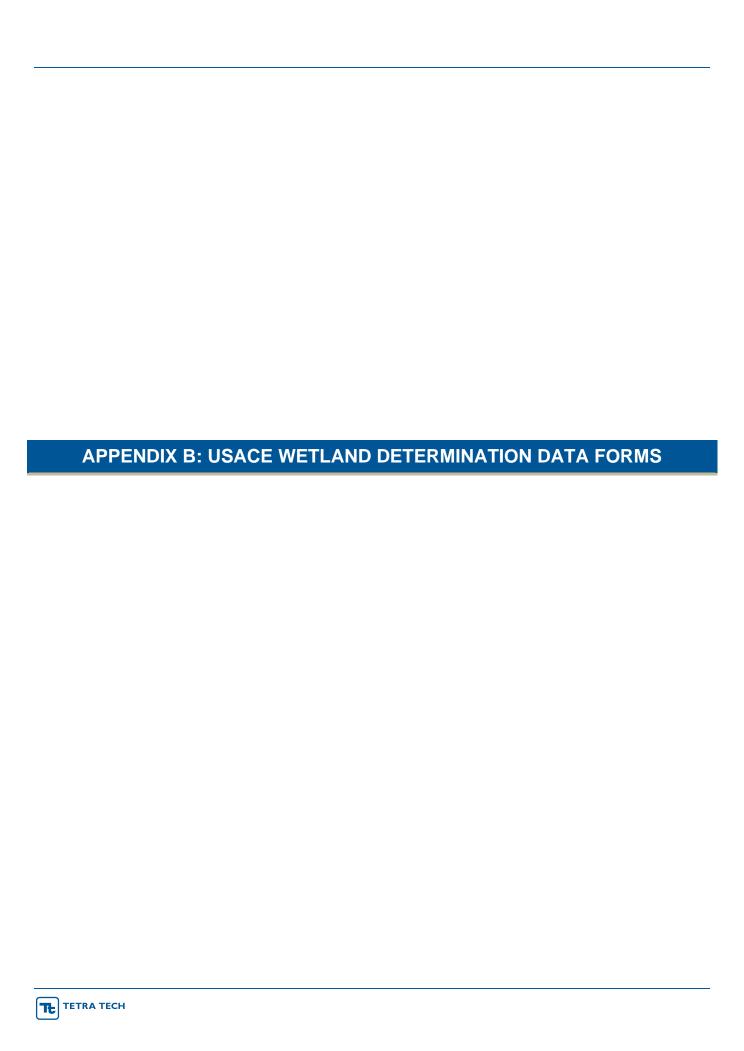
Photograph Number 43
Photograph Direction South

Comments:



Photograph Number 44
Photograph Direction South





## WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region

Project/Site: USACE LRP	Water Main Extens	sion City/C	county: Allegheny		Sampling Date: 10/27/20
Applicant/Owner: USACE L					Sampling Point: W-KZ01-PEM
Investigator(s): SAZ, KMM			on, Township, Range: N		_ ,
Landform (hillslope, terrace, e	tc.): Floodplain				Slope (%):
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): L	_RRN La		•		Datum: NAD 83
Soil Map Unit Name: (ErB) [					
Are climatic / hydrologic condi					
Are Vegetation, Soil					resent? Yes No
Are Vegetation, Soil		-		explain any answei	
-					, important features, etc.
		nap snowing san	ipinig point location	Jiis, transcots	, important reatures, etc.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Pres		No	Is the Sampled Area		
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes	No	within a Wetland?	Yes	No
Wetland Hydrology Present?		No			
Remarks: Cowardin C	ode: PEM	HGM: Riverine	Water Type:	RPWWD	
HYDROLOGY					_
Wetland Hydrology Indicat	ors:			Secondary Indica	tors (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum	n of one is required; che	ck all that apply)		Surface Soil	Cracks (B6)
Surface Water (A1)	_	_ True Aquatic Plants (	B14)	Sparsely Veg	jetated Concave Surface (B8)
High Water Table (A2)	_	_ Hydrogen Sulfide Od	or (C1)	Drainage Pat	terns (B10)
Saturation (A3)	<u>~</u>	Oxidized Rhizospher	es on Living Roots (C3)	Moss Trim Li	nes (B16)
Water Marks (B1)		Presence of Reduced	d Iron (C4)	Dry-Season \	Water Table (C2)
Sediment Deposits (B2)	_	Recent Iron Reduction	n in Tilled Soils (C6)	Crayfish Burr	ows (C8)
Drift Deposits (B3)	_	Thin Muck Surface (0			sible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	_	Other (Explain in Rer	narks)		ressed Plants (D1)
Iron Deposits (B5)	(D7)			<u>✓</u> Geomorphic	
Inundation Visible on Ae	• • • •			Shallow Aqui	
Water-Stained Leaves (I Aquatic Fauna (B13)	D9)			FAC-Neutral	phic Relief (D4)
Field Observations:				- 1 AO Nedital	Test (D0)
Surface Water Present?	Yes No	Depth (inches):			
Water Table Present?		Depth (inches):			
Saturation Present?		Depth (inches):		Hydrology Presen	t? Yes ✔ No
(includes capillary fringe)					
Describe Recorded Data (str	eam gauge, monitoring	well, aerial photos, pre	vious inspections), if ava	ailable:	
Remarks:					

Sampling Point:	W-KZ01-PEM
-----------------	------------

Tree Stratum (Plot size: 30'	Absolute	Dominant		Dominance Test worksheet:		
Tiee Stratum (Flot Size.	% Cover	Species?	<u>Status</u>	Number of Dominant Species	1	
1,		-		That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:		(A)
2				Total Number of Dominant	4	
3				Species Across All Strata:	1	(B)
4				Percent of Dominant Species		
5				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC:	100%	(A/B)
6				Prevalence Index worksheet:		
7				Total % Cover of:	Multiply by	
		= Total Cov			Multiply by:	
50% of total cover: 0	20% of	total cover:	0	OBL species x 1		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' )				FACW species x 2		
1				FAC species x 3		
2				FACU species x 4		
3				UPL species x 5		
4				Column Totals: (A)		(B)
5				Prevalence Index = B/A =		
6				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicat		_
7				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophyti		
8				✓ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%	c vegetation	
9				3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup>		
	_	= Total Cov	er			norting.
50% of total cover: 0	20% of	total cover:	0	4 - Morphological Adaptation		
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5')				data in Remarks or on a s		
1. Phalaris arundinaces	65	<b>✓</b>	FACW	Problematic Hydrophytic Veg	etation' (Expla	in)
2. Persicaria sagittata	10		OBL			
3. Cirsium vulgare	10		FACU	<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetla be present, unless disturbed or pre-		must
4. Solidago canadnsis	15		FACU	Definitions of Four Vegetation		
5				Definitions of Four Vegetation (	Juata.	
6				Tree - Woody plants, excluding v		
7				more in diameter at breast height height.	(DBH), regard	less of
8						
9.				Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, e		
10				than 3 in. DBH and greater than of m) tall.	n equal to 3.26	S IL ( I
11.				,		
···-	100	= Total Cov		<b>Herb</b> – All herbaceous (non-wood of size, and woody plants less that		rdless
50% of total cover: 50	20% of	total cover:	20			
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 15' )				Woody vine – All woody vines gr	eater than 3.28	3 ft in
1				height.		
3						
4		-		Hydrophytic		
5		T		Vegetation Present? Yes	No	
50% of total cover: 0		= Total Cov total cover:	_	100		
		total cover.				
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate s	neet.)					

Depth	Matrix			x Features	1 . 2				
(inches) 0-8	Color (moist) 10YR 4/2	<u>%</u> 95	Color (moist) 7.5YR4/6	5 C	rpe <sup>1</sup> Loc <sup>2</sup> M/PL	Texture SIL		Remarks	
8-14	10YR 4/1	90	7.5YR4/6	<u>10</u> C	M/PL	SICL			
		-Car DM	Deduced Metric M	0 Martin 10 a		21 11 12	Daniel Lini	M. Matela	
	oncentration, D=Depl Indicators:	etion, RM=	Reduced Matrix, M	S=Masked Sar	nd Grains.			ng, M=Matrix. roblematic Hy	
-			Dark Surface	(97)				A10) <b>(MLRA 1</b>	
_ Histosol	oipedon (A2)		Dark Surface		88) <b>(MLRA 147</b> ,		•	Redox (A16)	•
_ Flistic Ep _ Black Hi					.RA 147, 148)	, 0	MLRA 14)		
	n Sulfide (A4)			ed Matrix (F2)	, <b> ,</b>	Pi	•	oodplain Soils	(F19)
	d Layers (A5)		Depleted Ma				(MLRA 13		` ,
	ıck (A10) (LRR N)		Redox Dark	, ,				/ Dark Surface	
	d Below Dark Surface	e (A11)		rk Surface (F7)	)	O	ther (Expla	in in Remarks)	)
	ark Surface (A12)		Redox Depre						
	Mucky Mineral (S1) <b>(L</b>	RR N,		ese Masses (F	·12) (LRR N,				
	<b>A 147, 148)</b> Gleyed Matrix (S4)		MLRA 13	o) ace (F13) <b>(MLF</b>	ρΛ 136 122\	<sup>3</sup> Indi	cators of h	ydrophytic veg	etation and
	Redox (S5)				(F19) <b>(MLRA 1</b> 4			ology must be p	
	Matrix (S6)				MLRA 127, 147			ed or problema	
	Layer (if observed):		<del></del>		,			•	
Type:									
Depth (inc	ches):					Hydric Soil	Present?	Yes 🗸	No
emarks:									

Wetland ID W-KZ01-PEM Cowardin Code PEM Date 10/27/20



Photograph Number <u>1</u>
Photograph Direction North

Comments:



Photograph Number 2
Photograph Direction SSW

Comments:



Photograph Number 3
Photograph Direction South

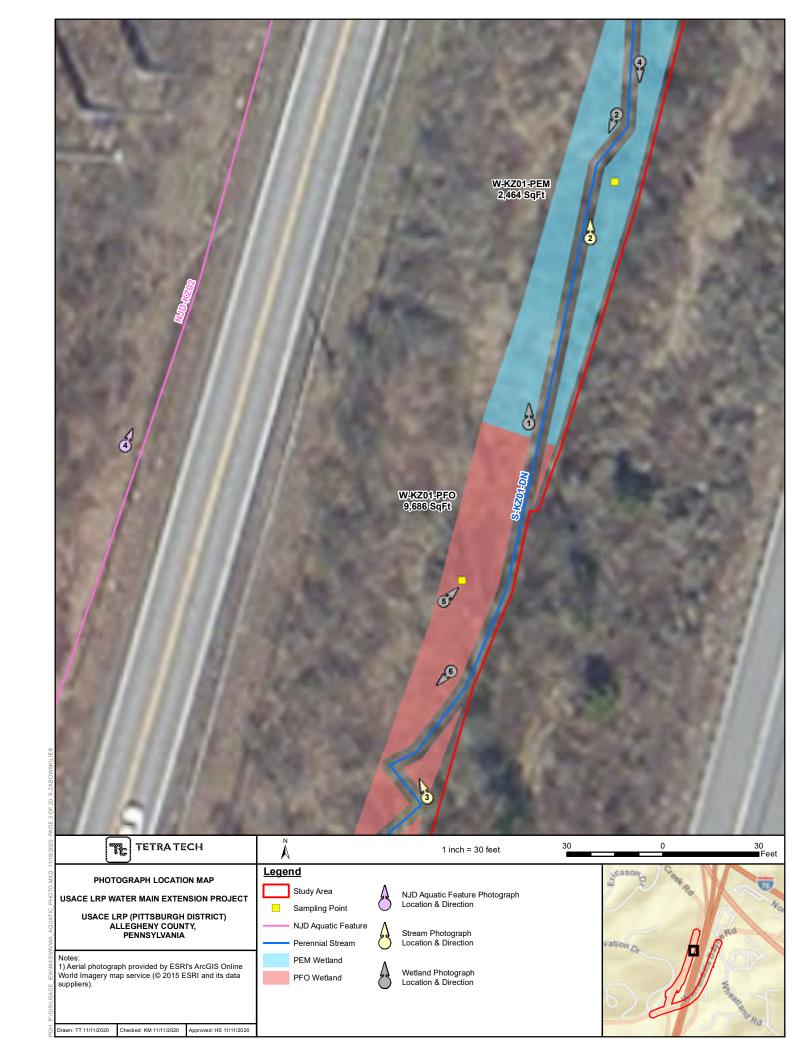
Comments:



Photograph Number 4

Photograph Direction South





## WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM – Eastern Mountains and Piedmont Region

Project/Site: USACE LRP	Water Main Extens	ion <sub>City/C</sub>	county: Allegheny		Sampling Date: 10/27/20
Applicant/Owner: USACE L					Sampling Point: W-KZ01-PFO
Investigator(s): SAZ, KMM			on, Township, Range: N		_ ,
Landform (hillslope, terrace, e	tc.): Floodplain				Slope (%): 0-5
Subregion (LRR or MLRA): L	_RRN La				Datum: NAD 83
Soil Map Unit Name: (ErB) E					
Are climatic / hydrologic condi					
Are Vegetation, Soil					resent? Yes No
Are Vegetation, Soil _				explain any answe	
_					, important features, etc.
		nap onowing our	ipinig point location		, important routaroo, otor
Hydrophytic Vegetation Pres	4	No	Is the Sampled Area		
Hydric Soil Present?	Yes	No	within a Wetland?	Yes	No
Wetland Hydrology Present?  Remarks: Cowardin C		No			
Cowardin C	ode: PFO	HGM: Riverine	Water Type:	RPWWD	
HYDROLOGY					
Wetland Hydrology Indicat	ors:				tors (minimum of two required)
Primary Indicators (minimum	of one is required; chec		_	Surface Soil	
Surface Water (A1)	_	True Aquatic Plants (			etated Concave Surface (B8)
High Water Table (A2)	<del>_</del>	_ Hydrogen Sulfide Od		Drainage Pat	
Saturation (A3)	<u>v</u>		es on Living Roots (C3)	Moss Trim Li	
Water Marks (B1)	_	Presence of Reduced			Water Table (C2)
Sediment Deposits (B2)		Recent Iron Reduction		Crayfish Burr	· ·
Drift Deposits (B3)	_	Thin Muck Surface (C			sible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
Algal Mat or Crust (B4) Iron Deposits (B5)		Other (Explain in Rer	narks)	Geomorphic	ressed Plants (D1)
Inundation Visible on Ae	erial Imagery (B7)			Shallow Aqui	
Water-Stained Leaves (I	• • • •				phic Relief (D4)
Aquatic Fauna (B13)	,			FAC-Neutral	
Field Observations:					
Surface Water Present?	Yes No	_ Depth (inches):			
Water Table Present?	Yes No	_ Depth (inches):			
Saturation Present?		Depth (inches):		Hydrology Presen	t? Yes <u> </u>
(includes capillary fringe)  Describe Recorded Data (str				ailahle:	
Describe Necoraea Bata (Str	cam gaage, monitoring	won, dendi priotos, pre	vious inspections), ii uve	madic.	
Remarks:					

### **VEGETATION** (Four Strata) – Use scientific names of plants.

,	Absolute	Dominant	Indicator	Dominance Test worksheet:
Tree Stratum (Plot size:30')		Species?		Number of Dominant Species
1. Salix nigra	30	~	OBL	That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 4 (A)
2				(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
				Total Number of Dominant
3				Species Across All Strata: 4 (B)
4				Percent of Dominant Species
5				That Are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100% (A/B)
6				Prevalence Index worksheet:
7		<u> </u>		
	30	= Total Cov	/er	Total % Cover of: Multiply by:
50% of total cover:15	20% of	f total cover	: <u>     6                               </u>	OBL species x 1 =
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (Plot size: 15' )				FACW species x 2 =
1. Cornus racemosa	60	<b>✓</b>	FAC	FAC species x 3 =
2		· .		FACU species x 4 =
		· -	-	UPL species x 5 =
3				Column Totals: (A) (B)
4				(5)
5				Prevalence Index = B/A =
6				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
7				1 - Rapid Test for Hydrophytic Vegetation
8				✓ 2 - Dominance Test is >50%
9	-			3 - Prevalence Index is ≤3.0 <sup>1</sup>
	60	= Total Cov	/er	
50% of total cover:30	20% of	f total cover	: 12	4 - Morphological Adaptations <sup>1</sup> (Provide supporting
Herb Stratum (Plot size: 5' )				data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
1. Carex Iurida	5		OBL	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation <sup>1</sup> (Explain)
2. Poa trivialis	25		FACW	
3. Myosotis scorpioides	25	·	OBL	<sup>1</sup> Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must
4 Eupatorium perfoliatum	10	· <u> </u>	FACW	be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
"		· ———		Definitions of Four Vegetation Strata:
5. Leersia virginica	10	<u> </u>	<u>FACW</u>	Tree – Woody plants, excluding vines, 3 in. (7.6 cm) or
6				more in diameter at breast height (DBH), regardless of
7				height.
8				Octobra (Observe) We asked to the control of the control of
9				Sapling/Shrub – Woody plants, excluding vines, less than 3 in. DBH and greater than or equal to 3.28 ft (1
10				m) tall.
11.		•	<u> </u>	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	75	Tatal Car		<b>Herb</b> – All herbaceous (non-woody) plants, regardless of size, and woody plants less than 3.28 ft tall.
50% of total cover: <u>37.</u> 5		= Total Cov		of size, and woody plants less than 3.20 it tall.
Woody Vine Stratum (Plot size: 15' )	20 /0 0	i lotai covei		Woody vine – All woody vines greater than 3.28 ft in
				height.
1		·		
2				
3				
4		·		Hydrophytic
5	-			Vegetation
	0	= Total Cov	/er	Present? Yes No
50% of total cover:0	20% of	f total cover	: 0	
Remarks: (Include photo numbers here or on a separate s				1
` '	,			

Profile Desc	cription: (Describe to	o the depth	n needed to docum	nent the in	ndicator	or confirm	the absence	of indicators.)
Depth	Matrix		Redox	k Features	3			
(inches)	Color (moist)	<u>%</u>	Color (moist)	<u>%</u>	Type <sup>1</sup>	Loc <sup>2</sup>	<u>Texture</u>	Remarks
0-8	10YR 4/2	95	7.5YR 4/6	5	<u>C</u>	M/PL	SIL	
8-14	10YR 4/1	90	7.5YR 4/6	10	С	M/PL	SIL	
			_					
					-			
<sup>1</sup> Type: C=C	oncentration, D=Deple	etion, RM=F	Reduced Matrix, MS	S=Masked	Sand Gr	ains.	<sup>2</sup> Location: Pl	L=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.
Hydric Soil	Indicators:						Indica	ators for Problematic Hydric Soils <sup>3</sup> :
Histosol	(A1)		Dark Surface	(S7)			2	cm Muck (A10) (MLRA 147)
Histic E	pipedon (A2)		Polyvalue Be	low Surfac	ce (S8) <b>(N</b>	ILRA 147,	<b>148)</b> C	coast Prairie Redox (A16)
	istic (A3)		Thin Dark Su			47, 148)		(MLRA 147, 148)
	en Sulfide (A4)		Loamy Gleye		<del>-</del> 2)		P	liedmont Floodplain Soils (F19)
	d Layers (A5)		Depleted Mat		0)			(MLRA 136, 147)
	uck (A10) <b>(LRR N)</b> d Below Dark Surface	(//11)	Redox Dark S Depleted Dar	•	,			ery Shallow Dark Surface (TF12) Other (Explain in Remarks)
	ark Surface (A12)	(A11)	Redox Depre					The (Explain in Kemarks)
	/lucky Mineral (S1) <b>(L</b> l	RR N.	Iron-Mangane			LRR N,		
	A 147, 148)	,	MLRA 136		, ,	,		
	Gleyed Matrix (S4)		Umbric Surfa		MLRA 13	6, 122)	<sup>3</sup> Ind	icators of hydrophytic vegetation and
	Redox (S5)		Piedmont Flo					etland hydrology must be present,
	Matrix (S6)		Red Parent M	1aterial (F2	21) <b>(MLR</b>	A 127, 147	) unl	less disturbed or problematic.
Restrictive	Layer (if observed):							
Туре:								
Depth (in	ches):						Hydric Soil	Present? Yes No
Remarks:							-	
ı								

Wetland ID <u>W-KZ01-PFO</u> Cowardin Code <u>PFO</u> Date <u>10/27/20</u>



Photograph Number <u>5</u>
Photograph Direction NE

Comments:



Photograph Number 6
Photograph Direction SW

Comments:



Photograph Number \_\_7 Photograph Direction NE \_\_\_

Comments:



Photograph Number 8
Photograph Direction SSW

-	